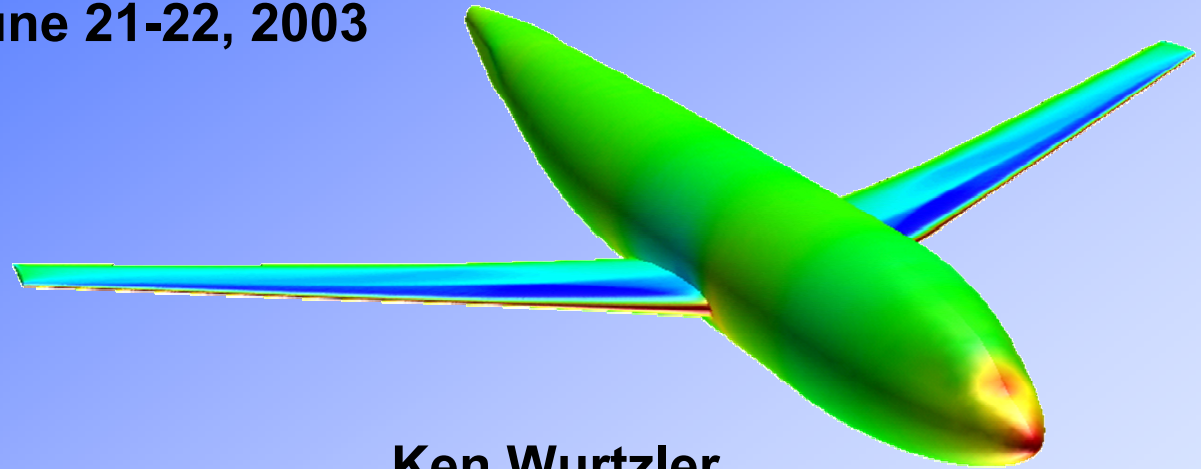


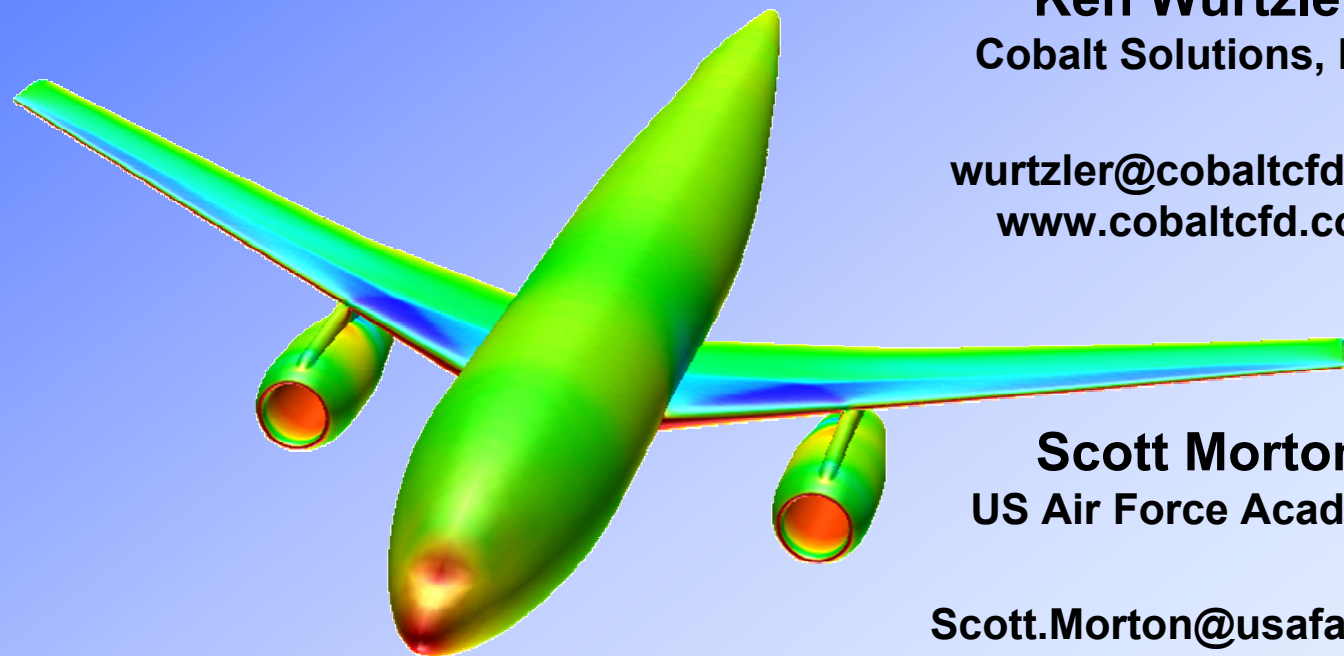
2nd AIAA CFD Drag Prediction Workshop

June 21-22, 2003



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- Drag Prediction Workshop -

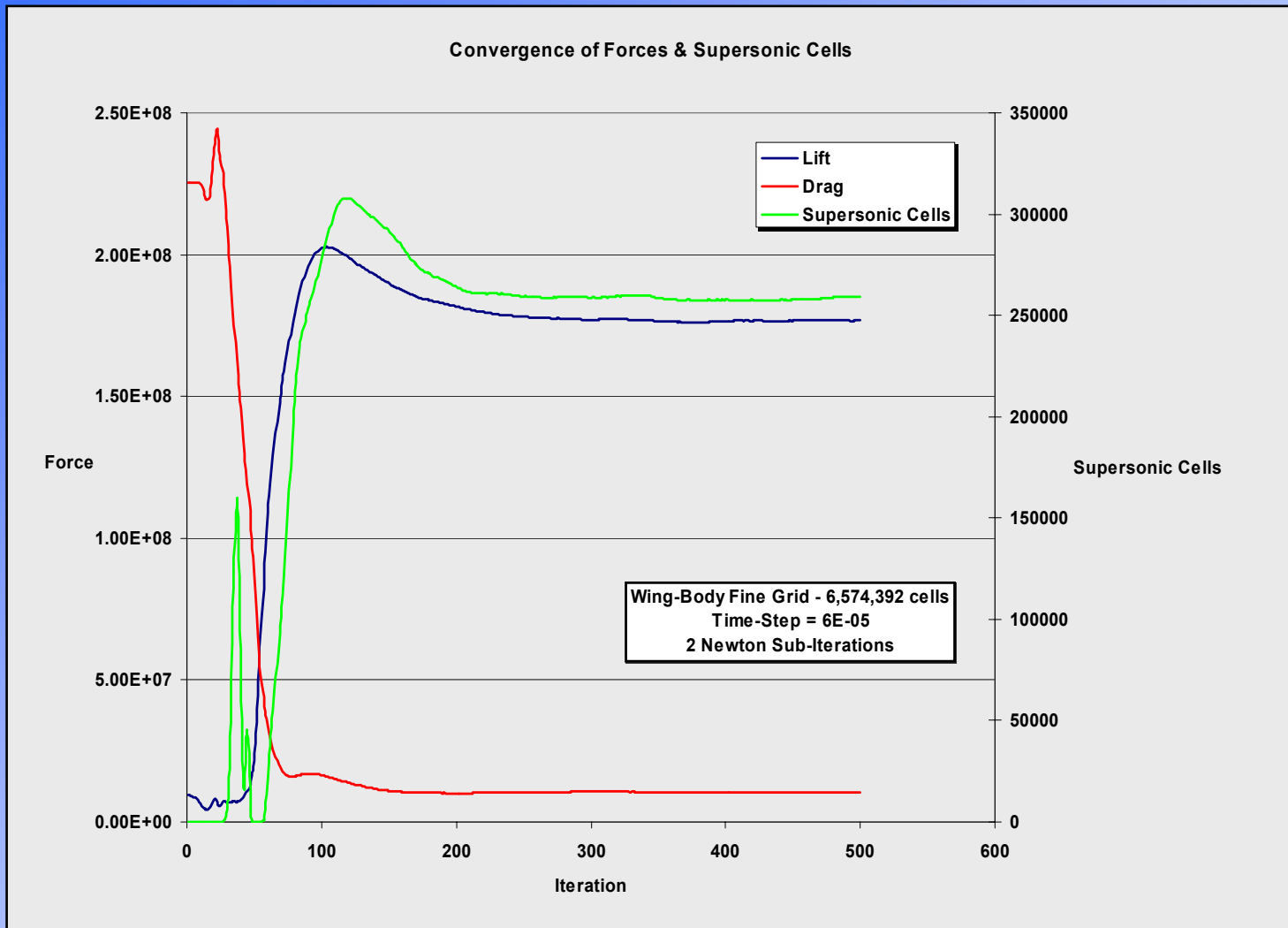
Cobalt

- **Navier-Stokes solver (AIAA-99-0786) with significant upgrades to the spatial and temporal operators**
- **Hybrid grid used – prisms and tetrahedra**
- **96 to 416 nodes [IBM SP3]**
- **Time-step = $6e-5$ [based on $0.1 \cdot \text{chord}/U_{\text{inf}}$]**

- **Menter's SST turbulence model [Menter, F. R., Improved Two-Equation k-w Turbulence Models for Aerodynamic Flows, NASA TM-103975, October 1992.]**

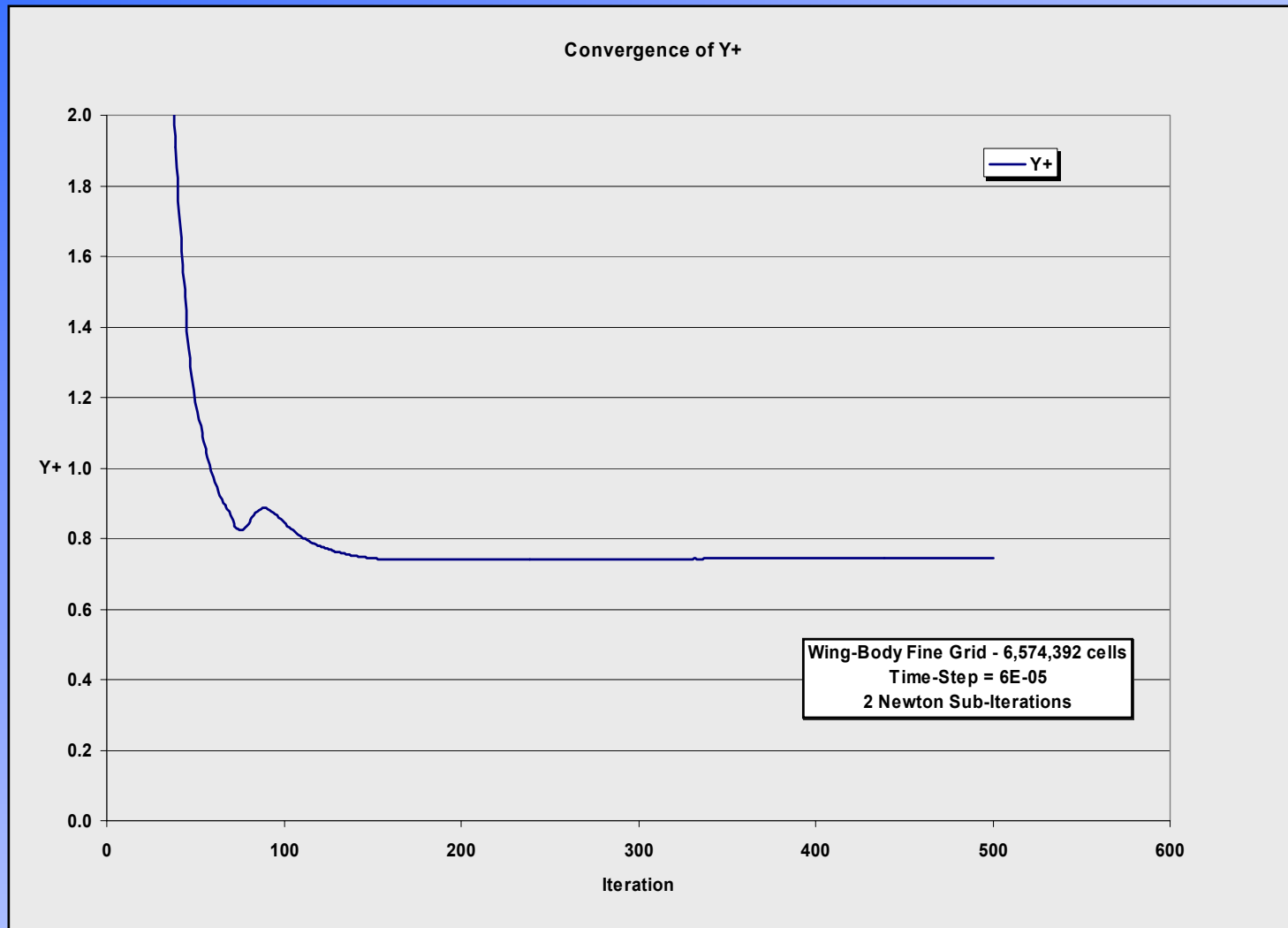
- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Convergence of Wing-Body Case



- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Convergence of Wing-Body Case



- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body Grids

Coarse	ifact=1.30	- 122,141 viscous triangles - 5,268,540 tets - 3,802,848 tets/prisms
Medium	ifact=1.15	- 153,234 viscous triangles - 6,714,822 tets - 4,876,014 tets/prisms
Fine	ifact=1.0	- 200,133 viscous triangles - 8,975,988 tets - 6,574,392 tets/prisms

Y+ \approx 0.8

Growth Rate in Boundary Layer = 1.25

Gridtool/VGRIDns

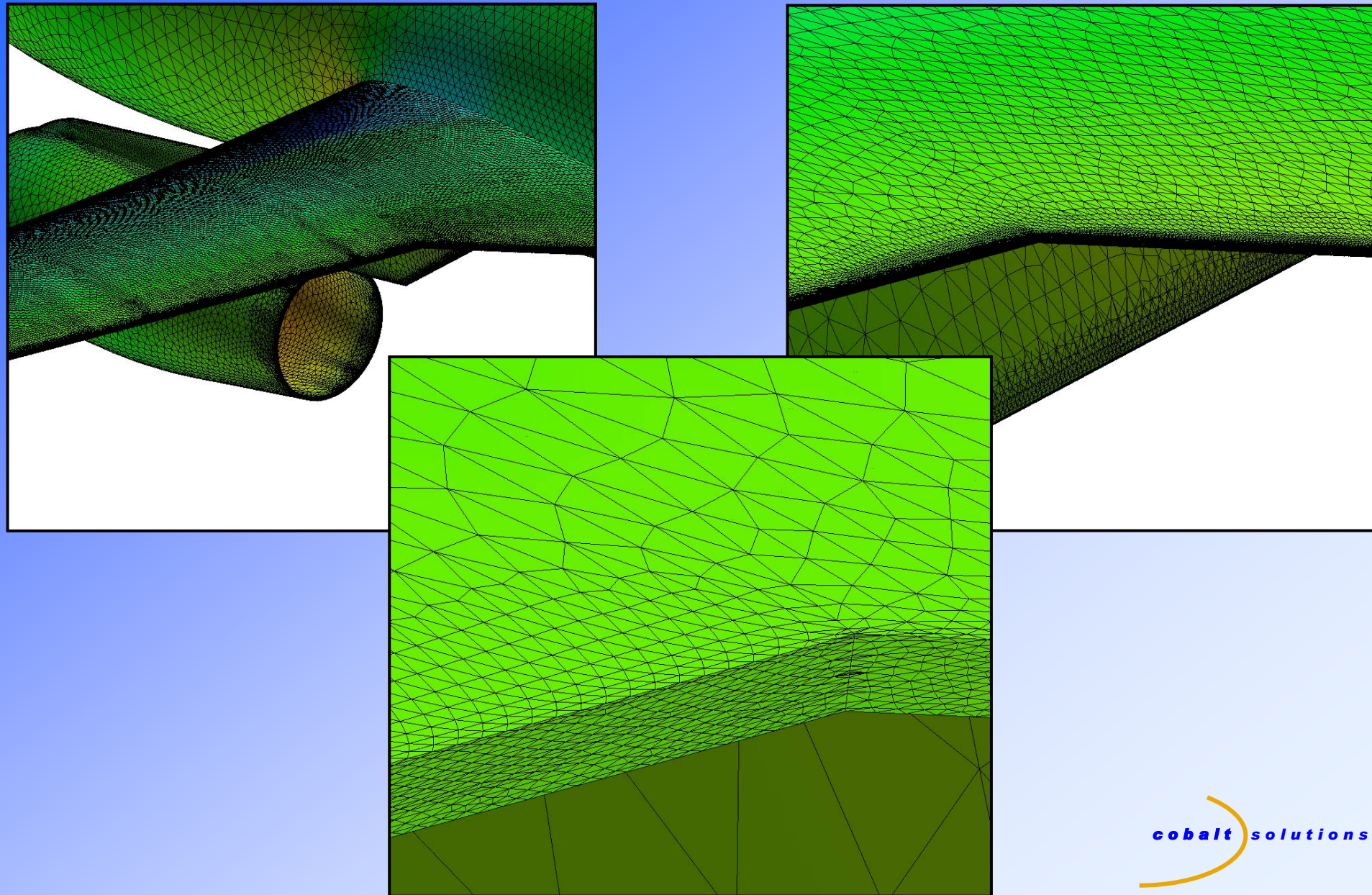
- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Location of Surface Triangles – Wing-body

		<u>Fine</u>	<u>Medium</u>	<u>Coarse</u>
Upper Wing	–	63,075	48,839	38,660
Lower Wing	–	61,499	46,284	38,625
Trailing Edge	–	62,437	48,138	38,963
Wing Tip	–	2,531	1,891	1,516
Fuselage	–	10,591	8,082	6,377

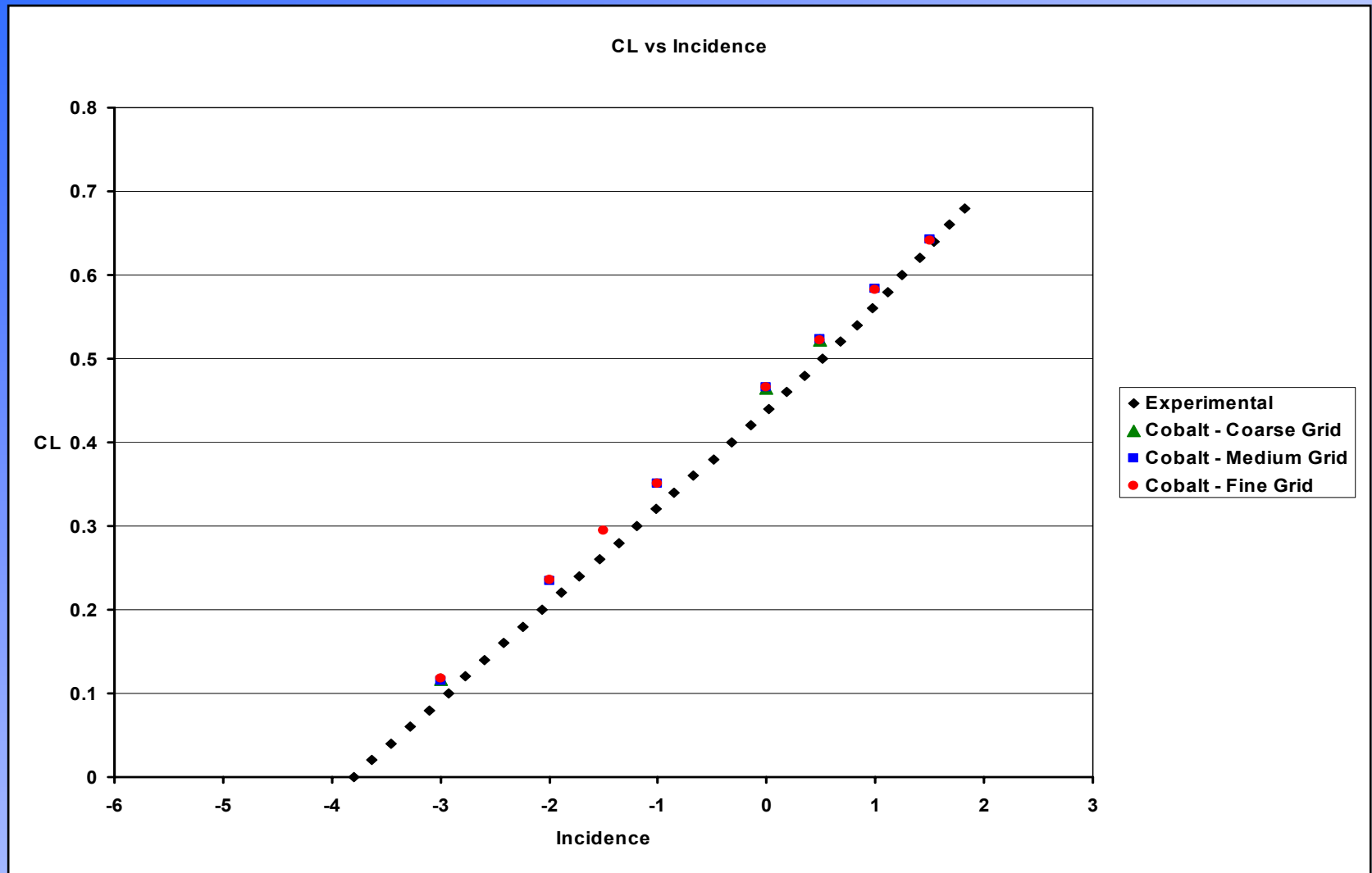
- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Location of Surface Triangles – Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon



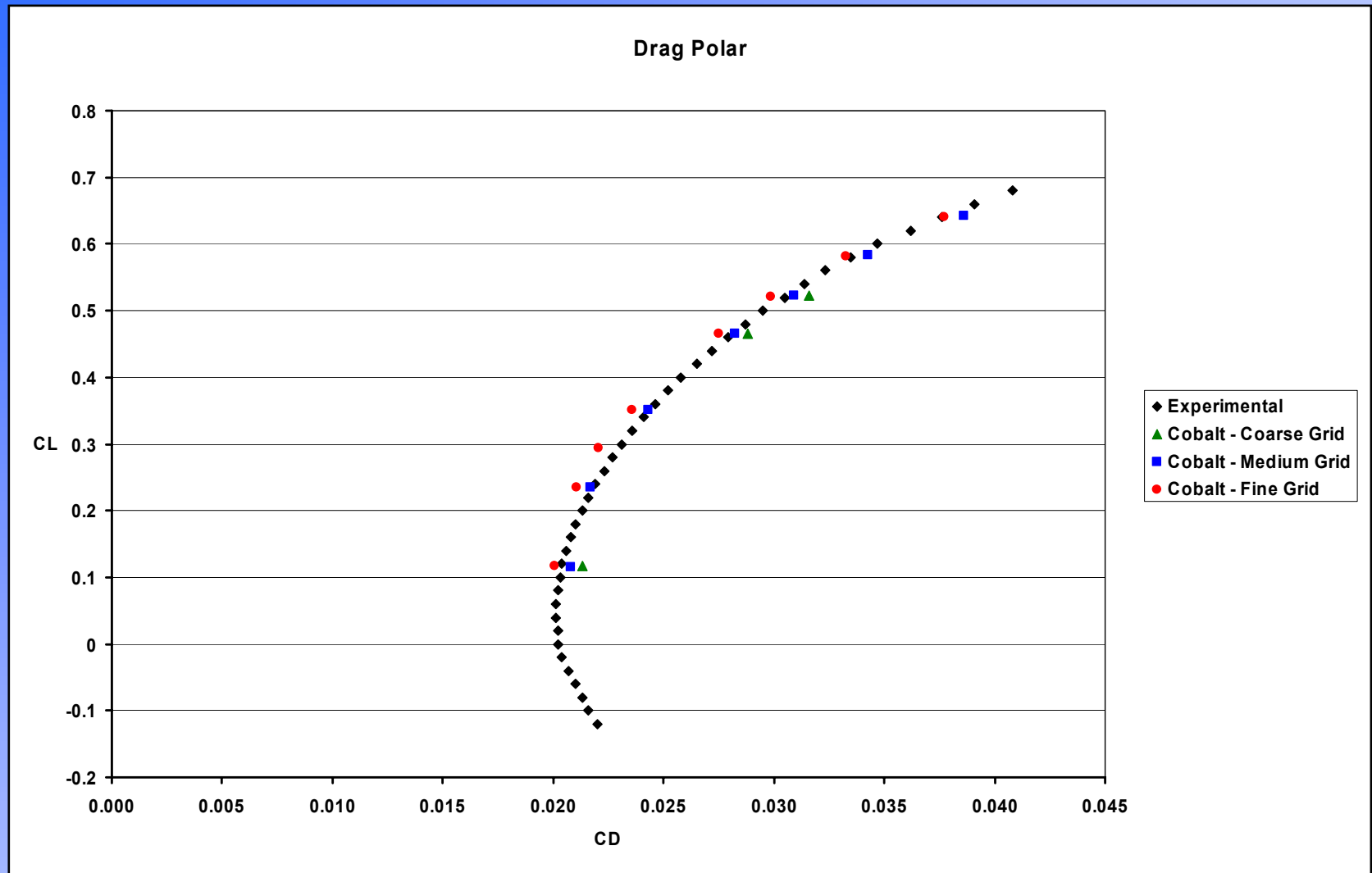
- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body CL vs Incidence

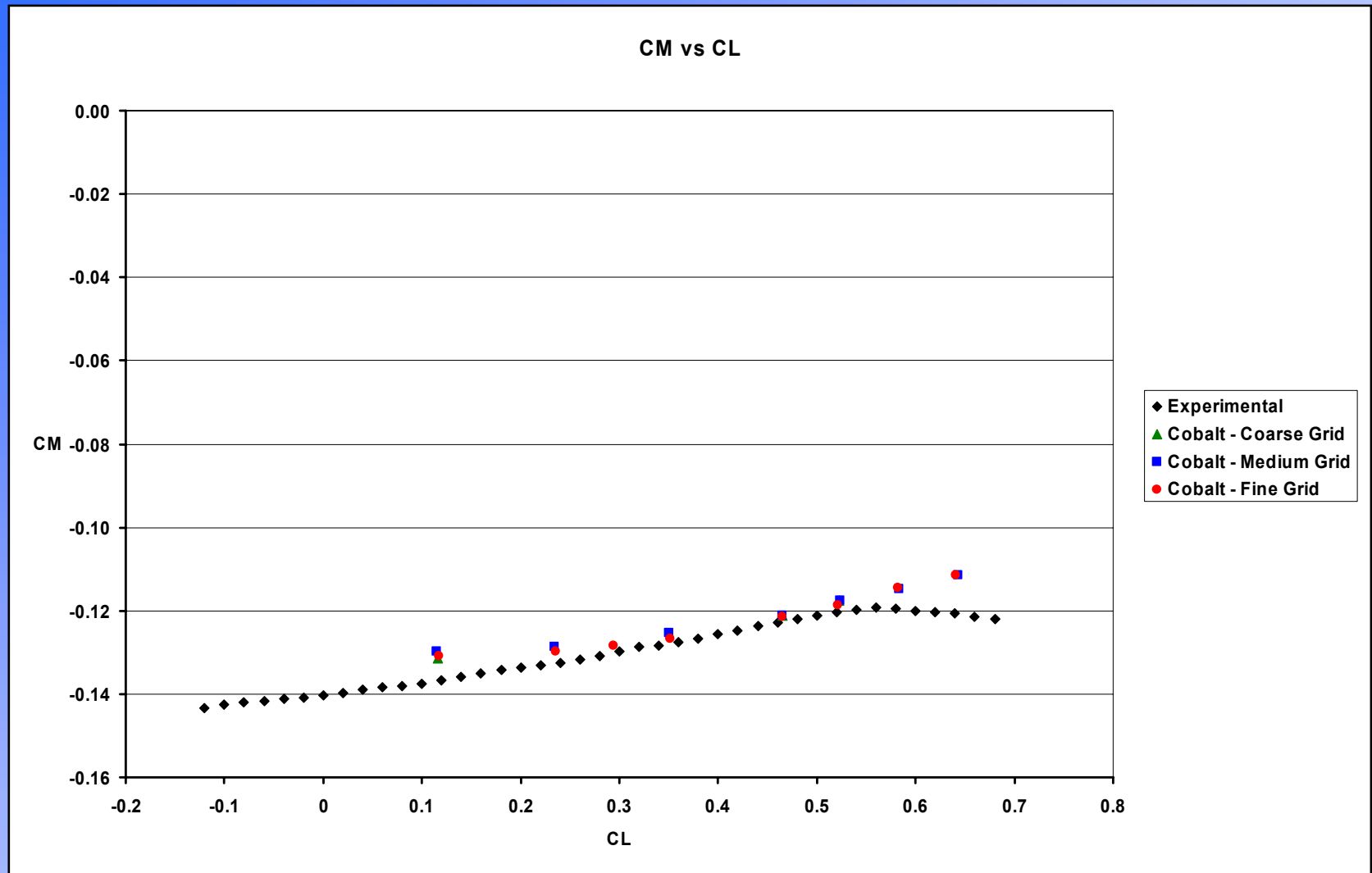


- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body Drag Polar

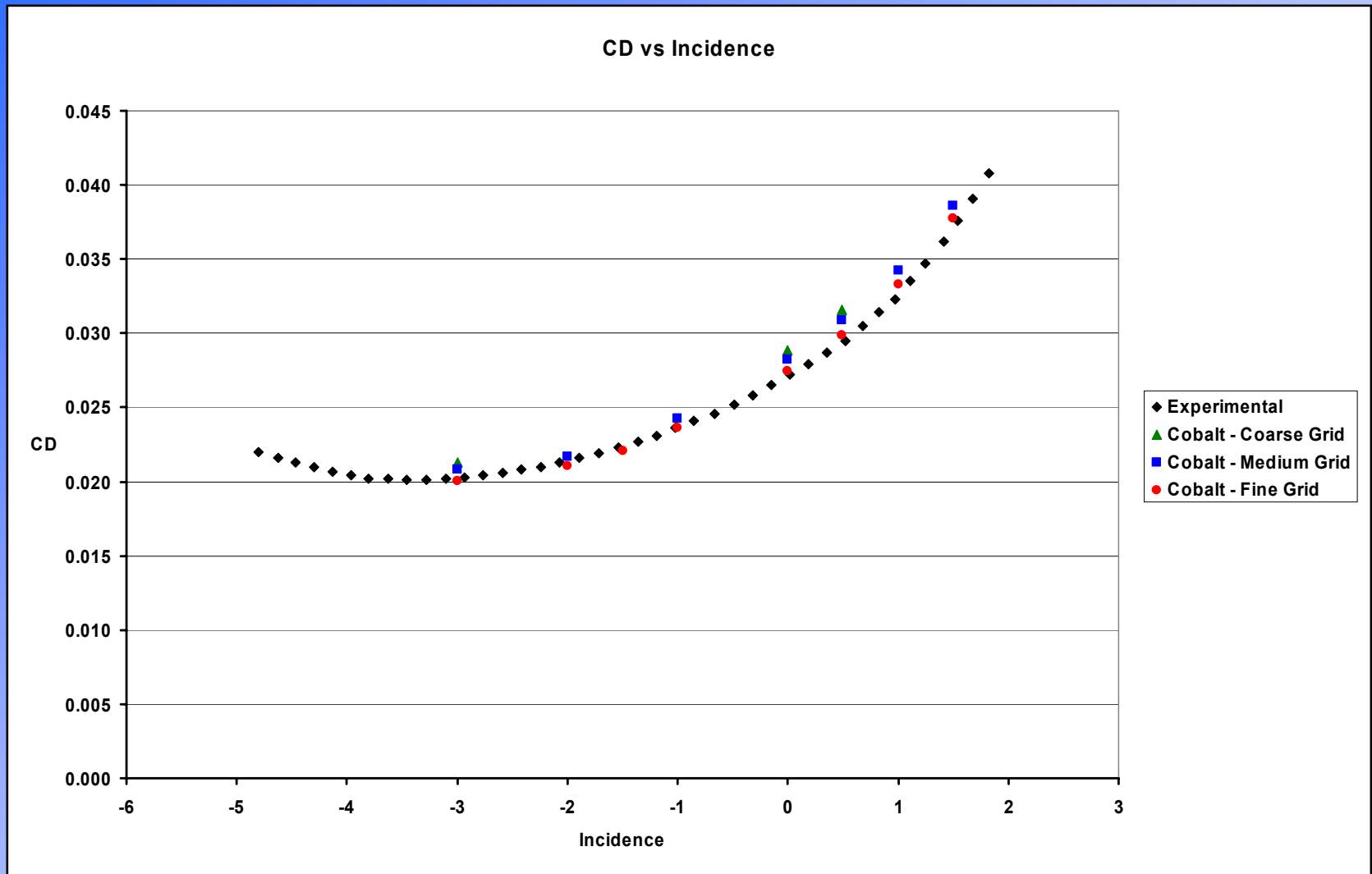


- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body CM vs CL



- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body CD vs Incidence



- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body Alpha = 0.49 Data Comparison

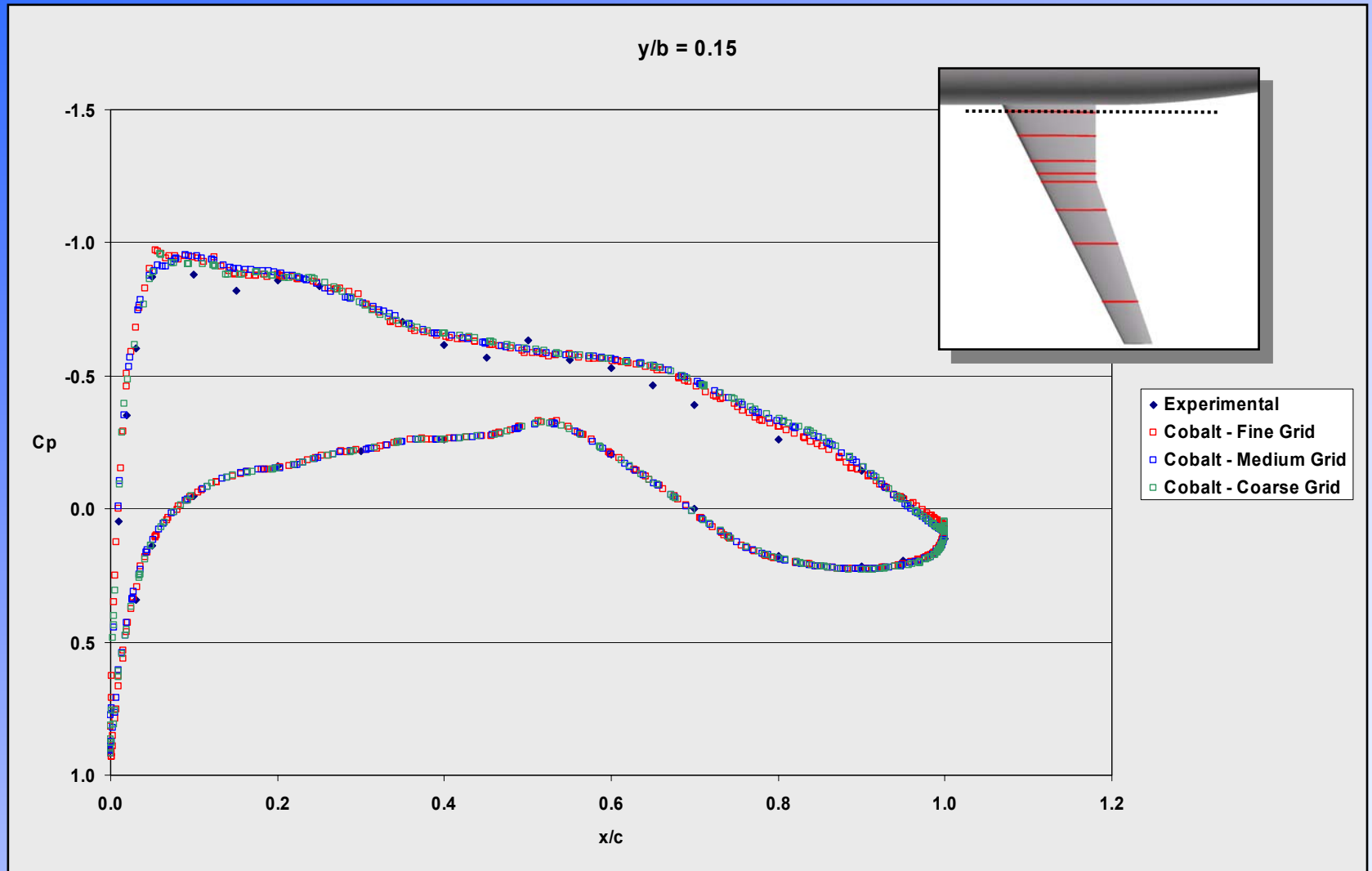
	Experimental	Cobalt	% Difference
CL	0.4984	0.5213	4.59%
CD	0.0294	0.0299	1.7%
CM	-0.1213	-0.1188	2.06%

Alpha = 0.303 for single point grid convergence

Experimental CL, CD and CM extrapolated from force data.

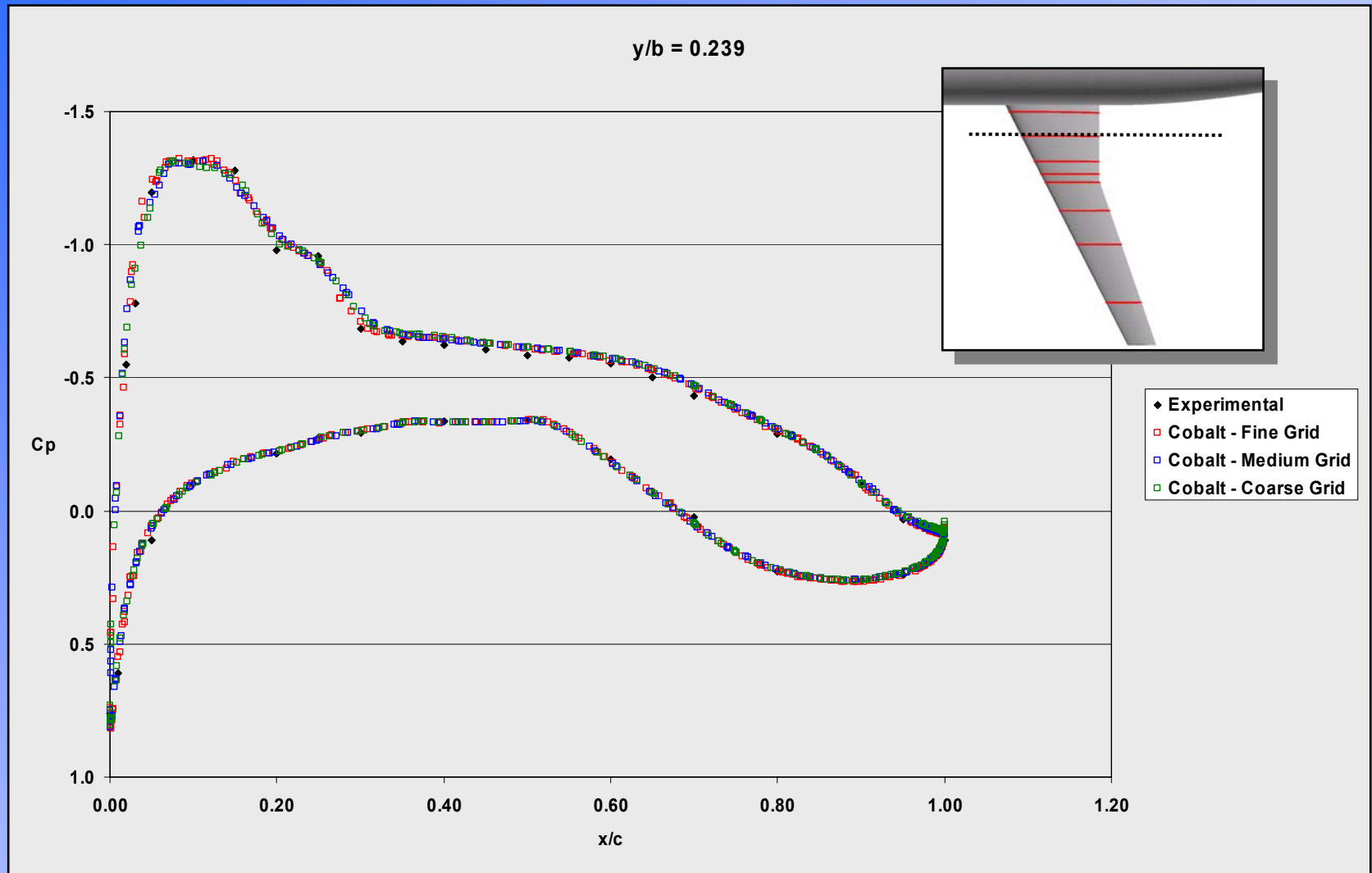
- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.15$



Alpha = 0.49°

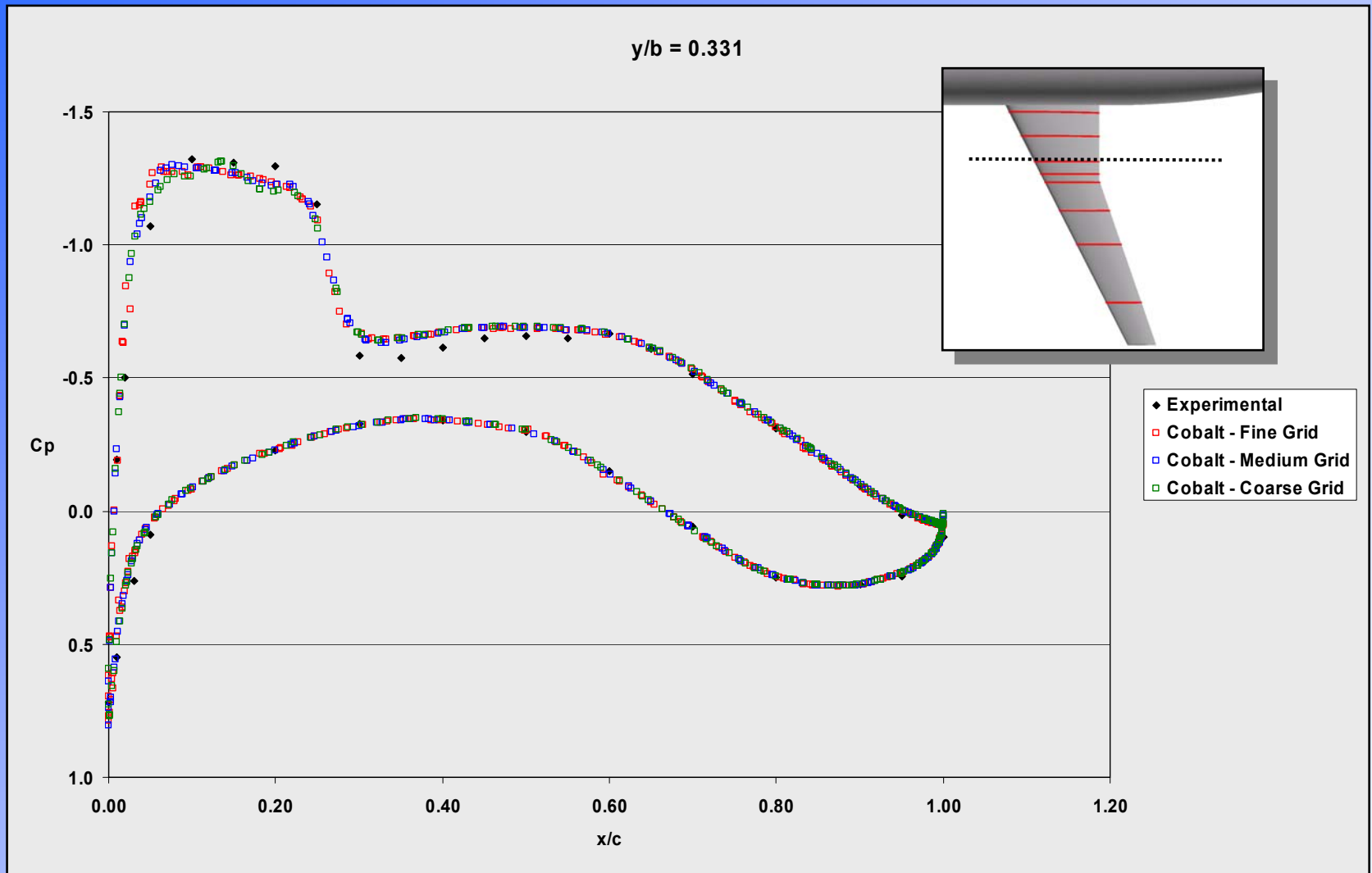
- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.239$



Alpha = 0.49°

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

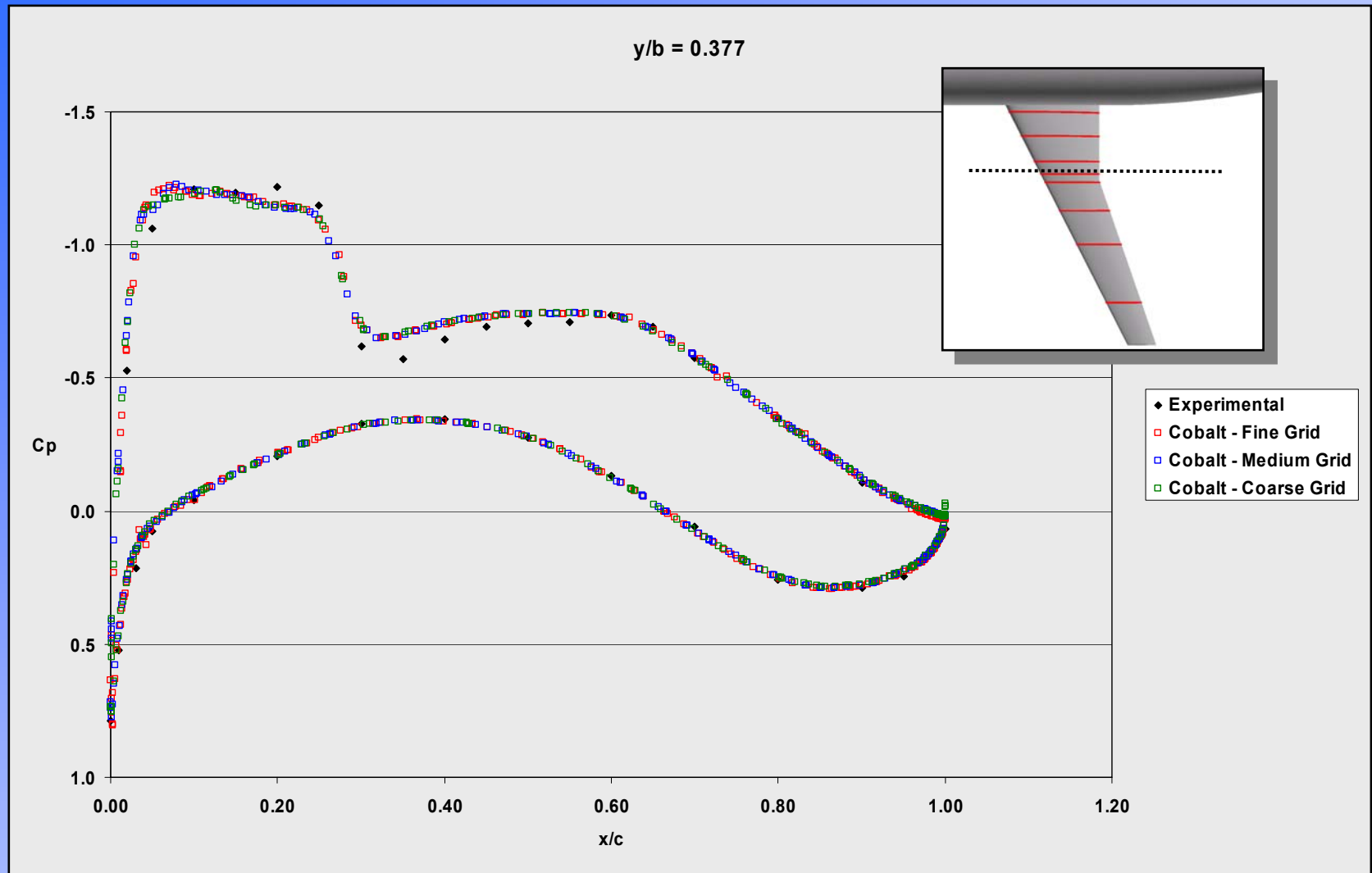
Wing-Body Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.331$



Alpha = 0.49°

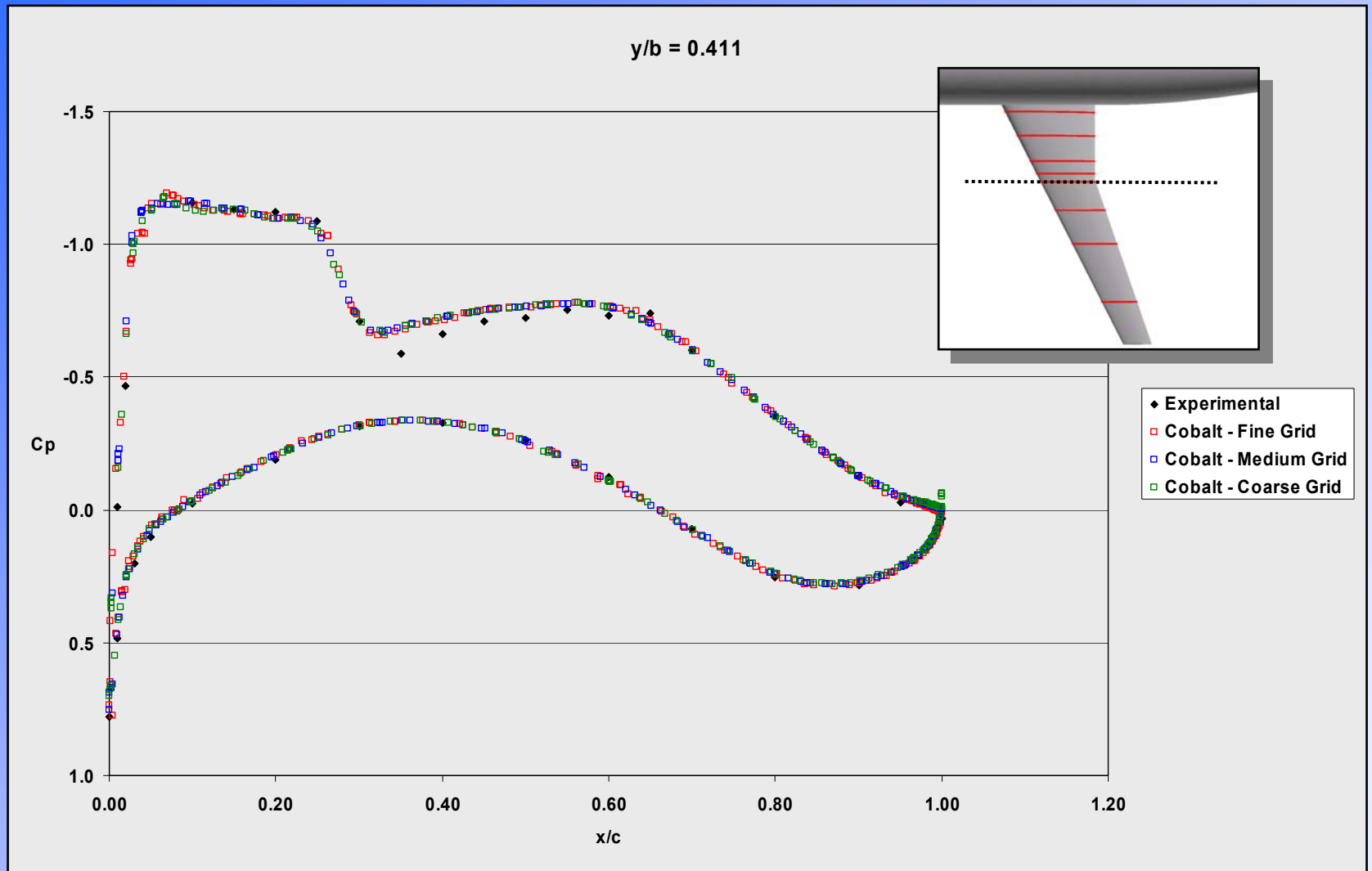
- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.377$



Alpha = 0.49°

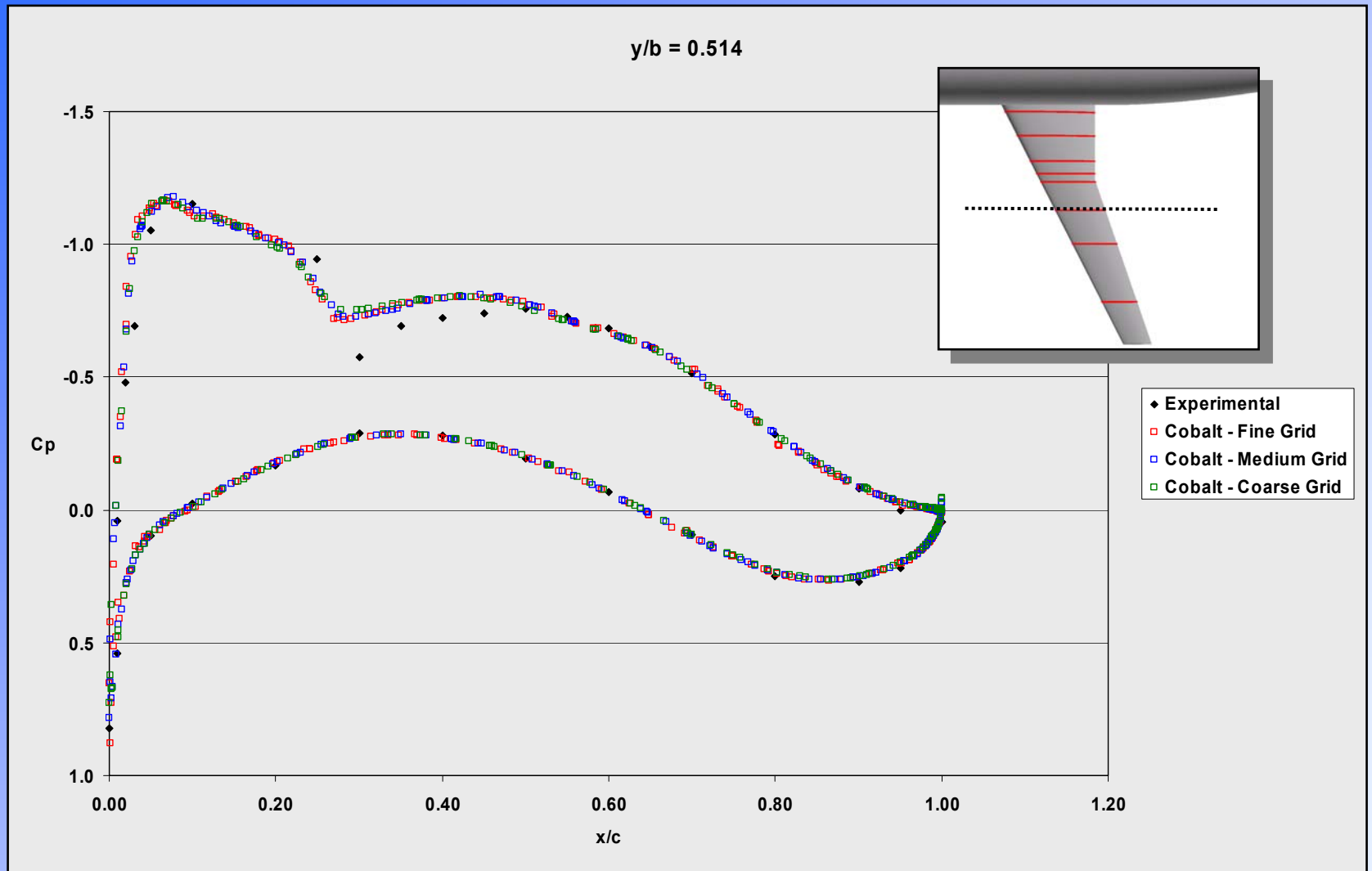
- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.411$



Alpha = 0.49°

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

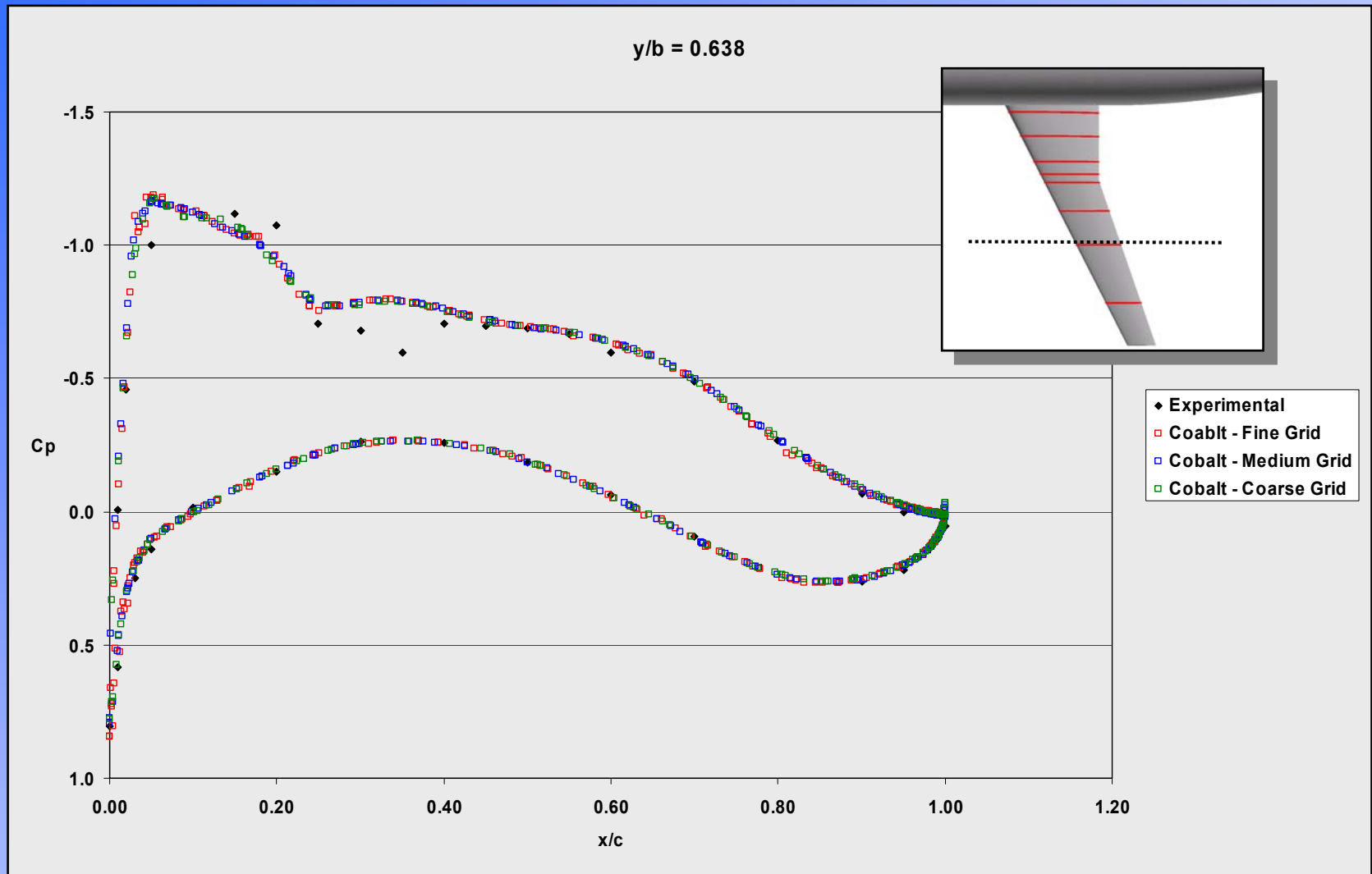
Wing-Body Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.514$



Alpha = 0.49°

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

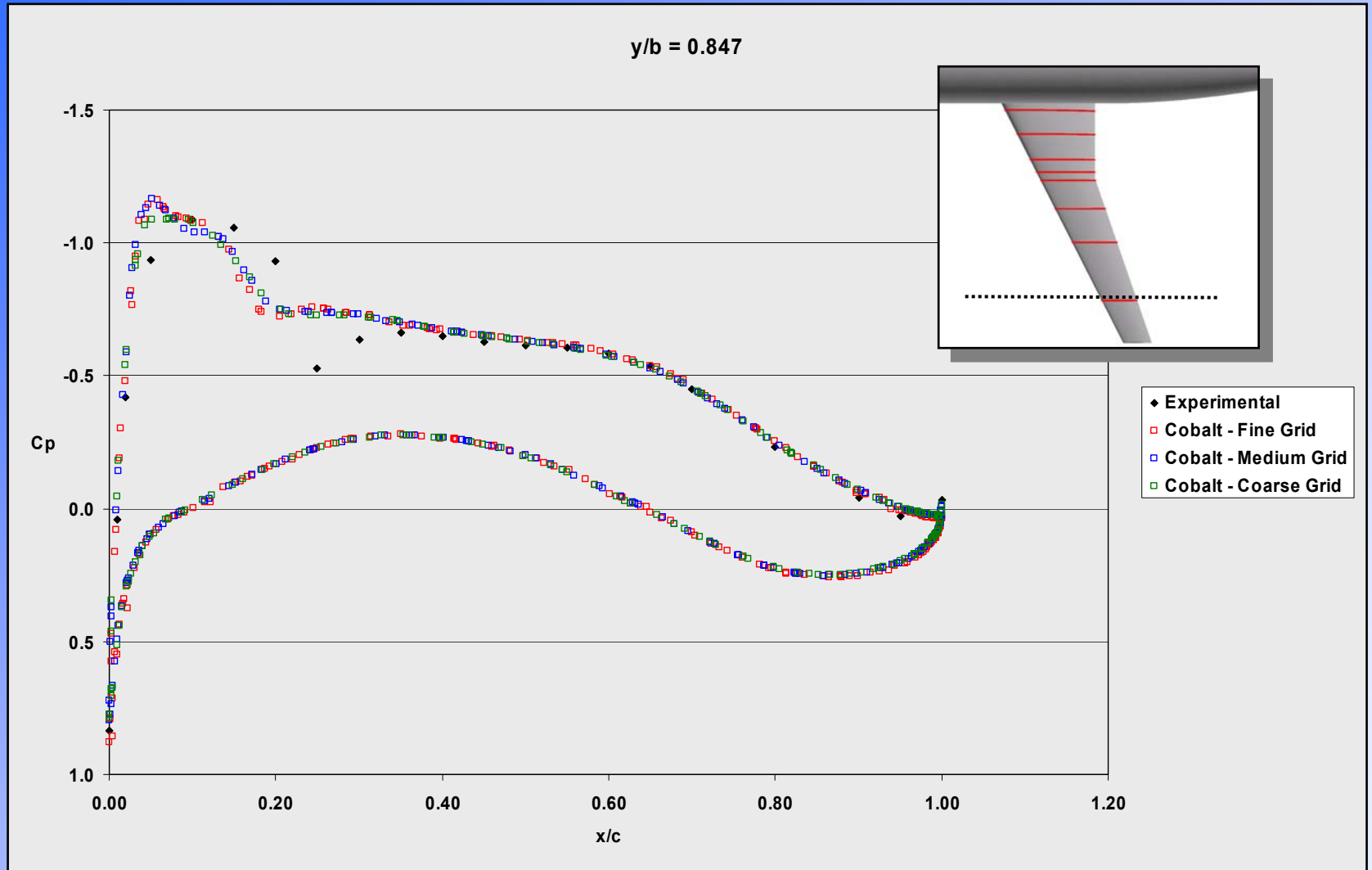
Wing-Body Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.638$



Alpha = 0.49°

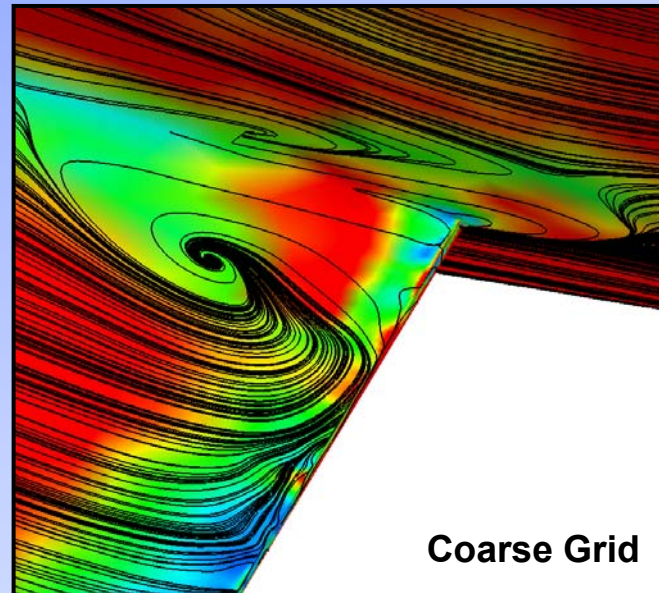
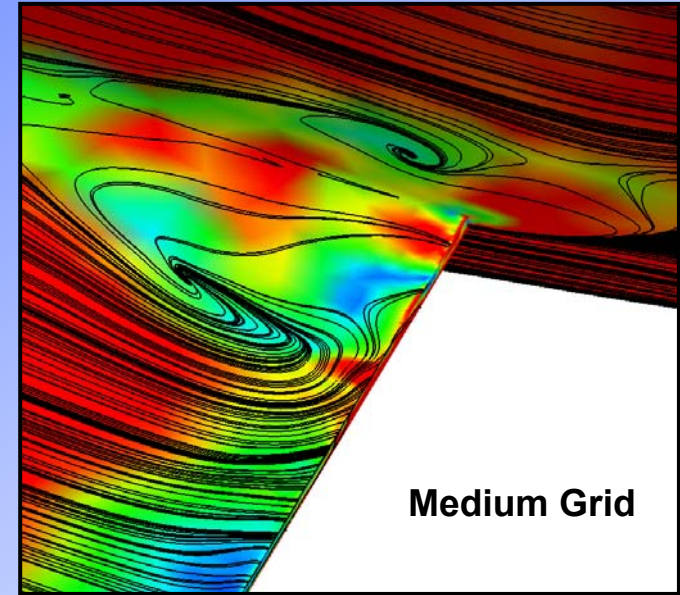
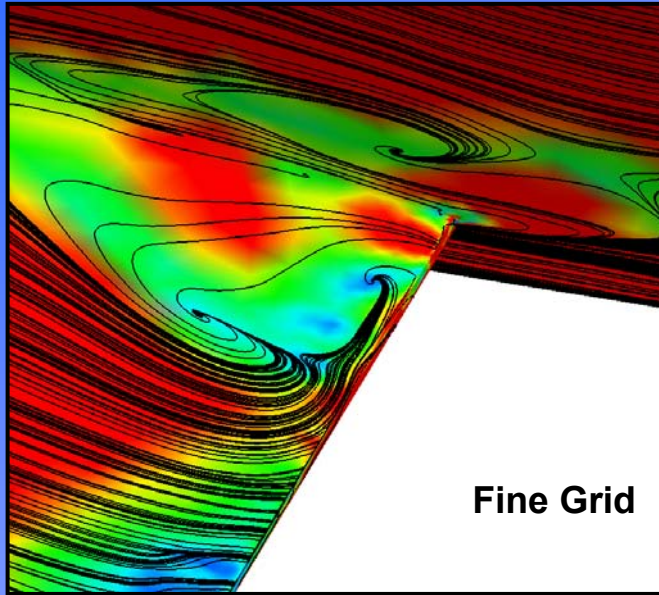
- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.847$



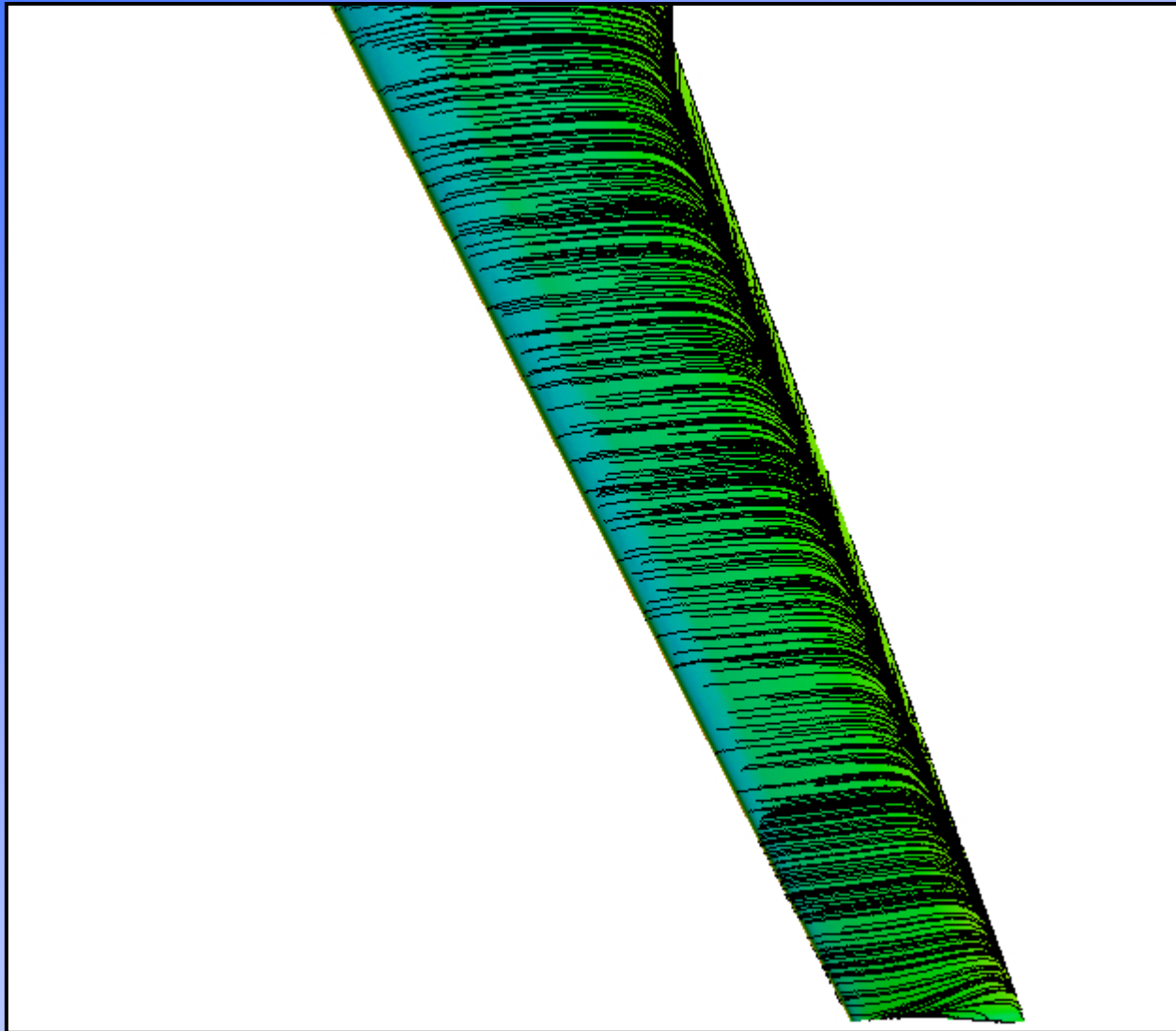
Alpha = 0.49°

- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body 'Bubble' Image



Surface Colored by C_f
CL = 0.50

- *Drag Prediction Workshop* - Wing-Body Trailing Edge Separation



Oil flow on upper wing surface – Alpha 0.49°

- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Grids

Coarse	ifact=1.30	- 139,600 viscous triangles - 6,114,050 tets - 4,718,050 tets/prisms
Medium	ifact=1.15	- 175,550 viscous triangles - 7,797,527 tets - 6,042,027 tets/prisms
Fine	ifact=1.0	- 232,572 viscous triangles - 10,528,768 tets - 8,202,958 tets/prisms

Y+ \approx 0.8

Growth Rate in Boundary Layer = 1.25

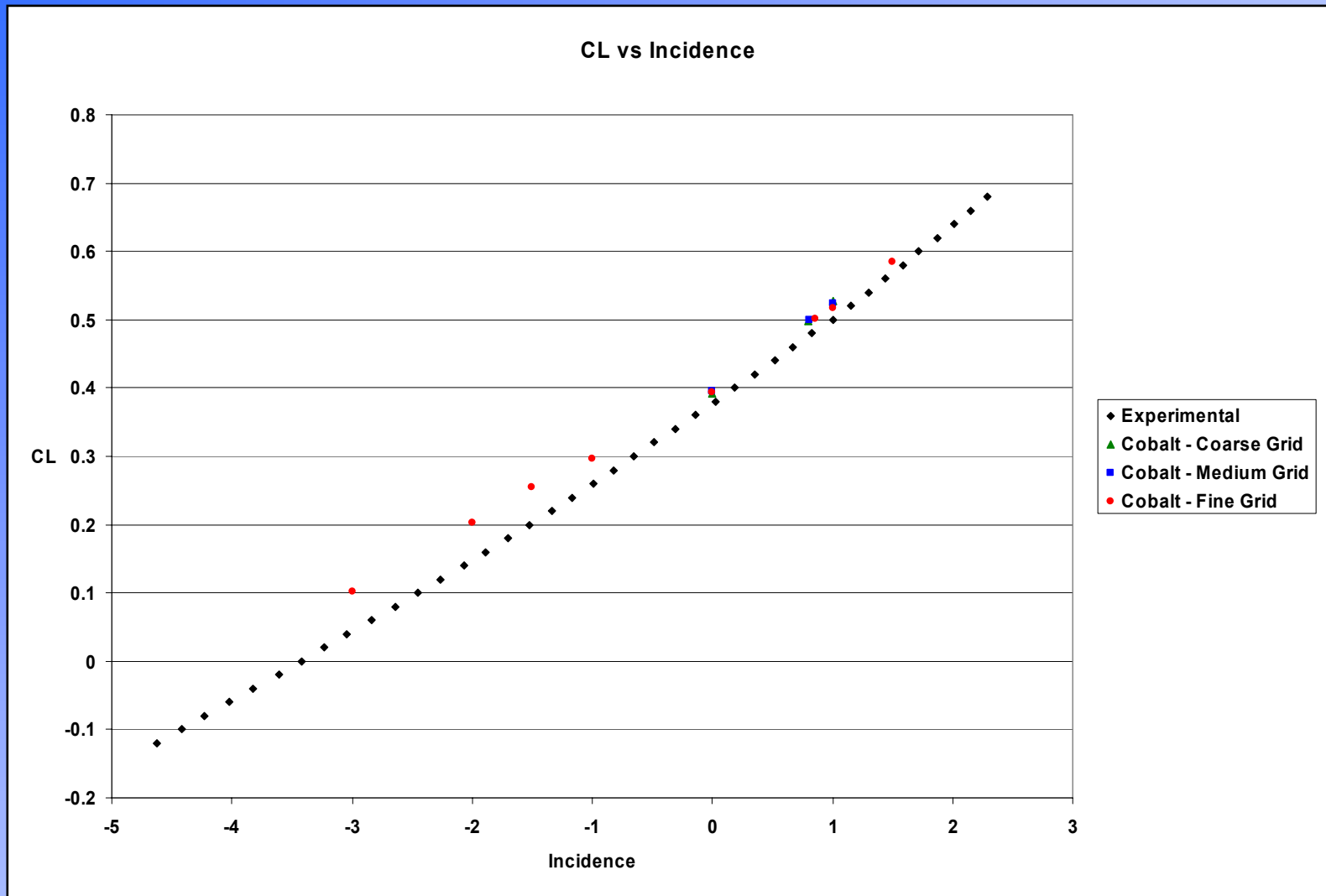
Gridtool/VGRIDns

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

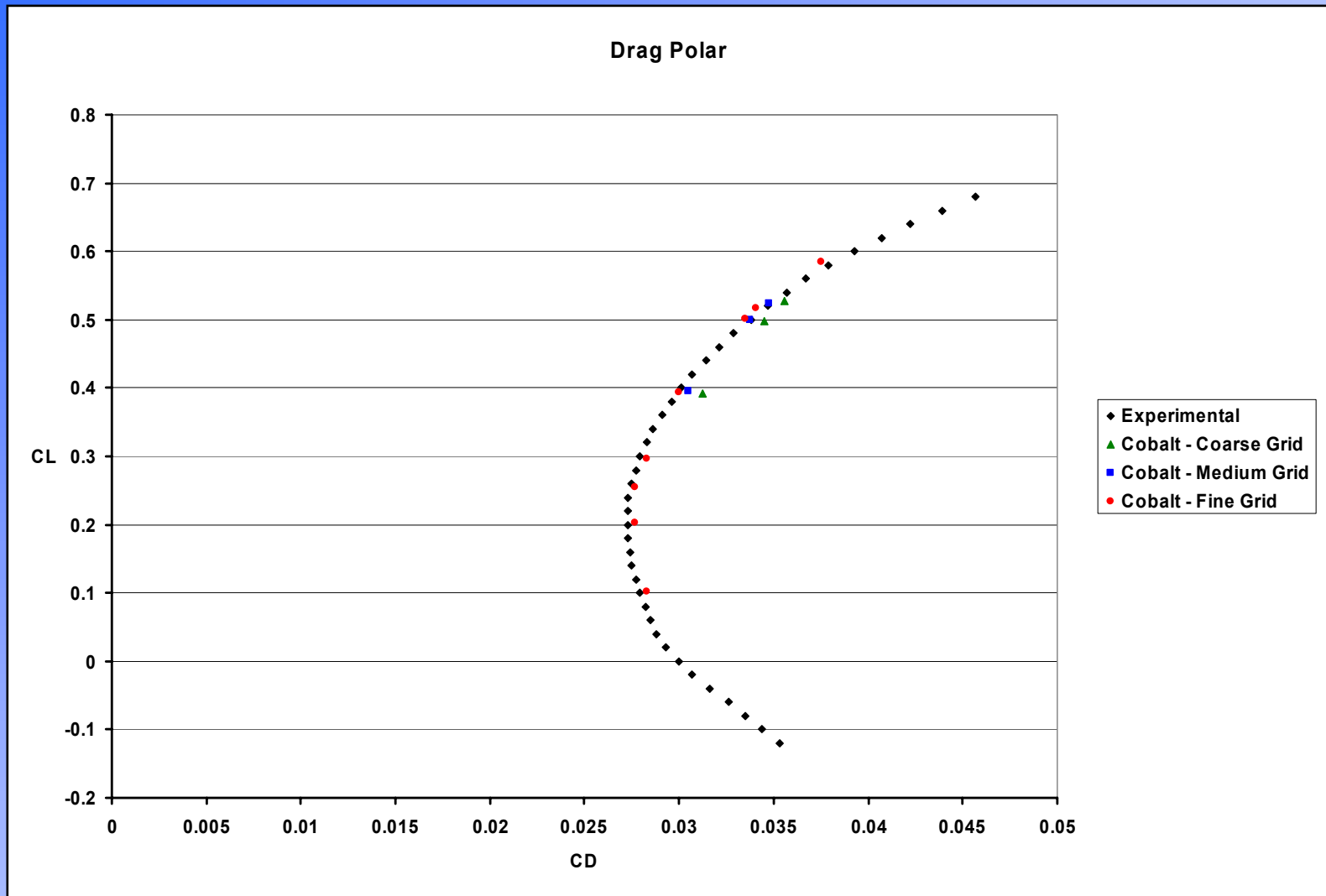
Location of Surface Triangles – Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon

		<u>Fine</u>	<u>Medium</u>	<u>Coarse</u>
Upper Wing	-	58,678	44,689	35,854
Lower Wing	-	57,148	42,443	34,822
Trailing Edge	-	55,987	42,207	32,385
Wing Tip 1,206		-	2,028	1,589
Fuselage	-	9,344	7,144	5,658
Pylon	-	9,036	6,889	5,438
Nacelle	-	40,351	30,589	24,237

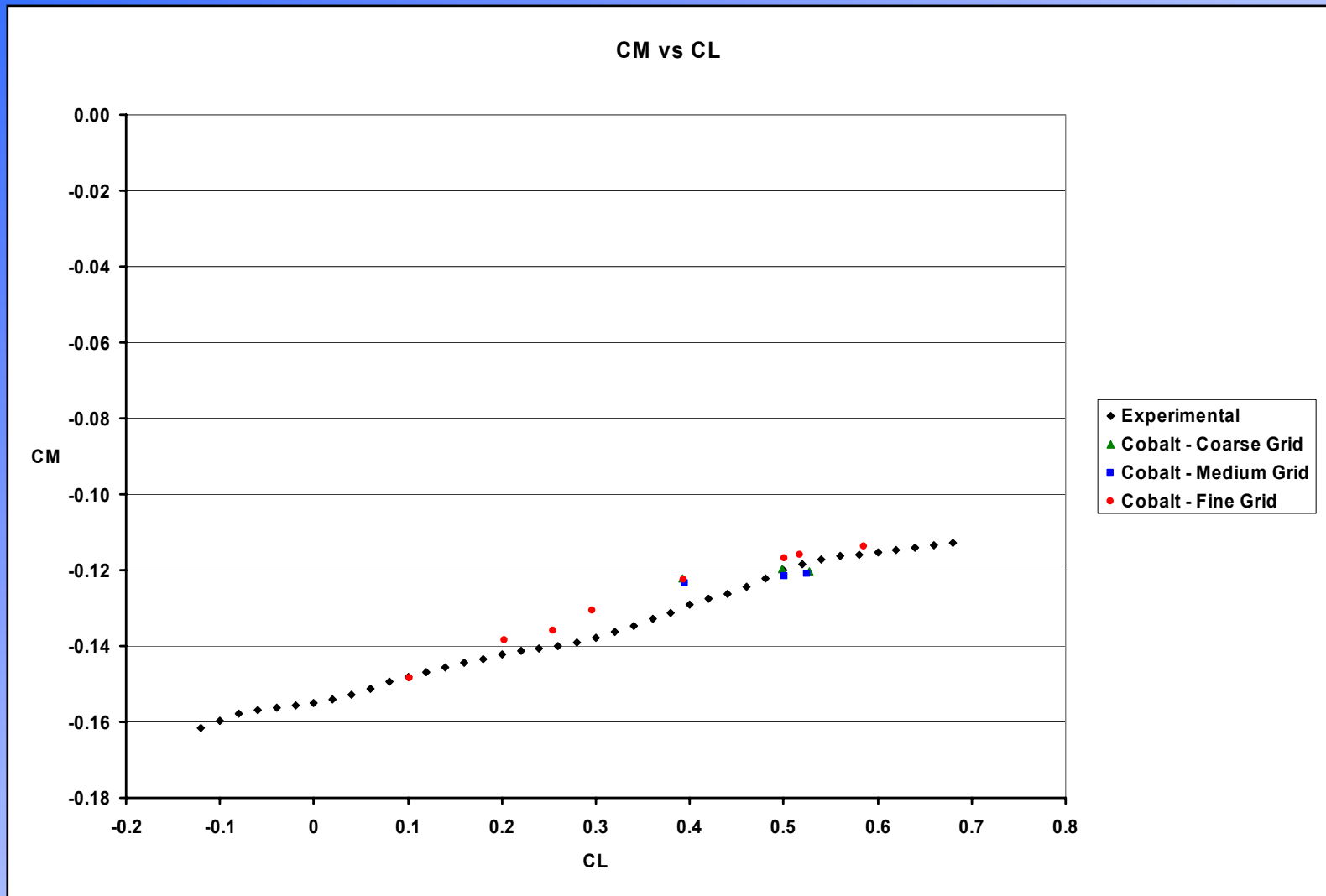
- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon CL vs Incidence



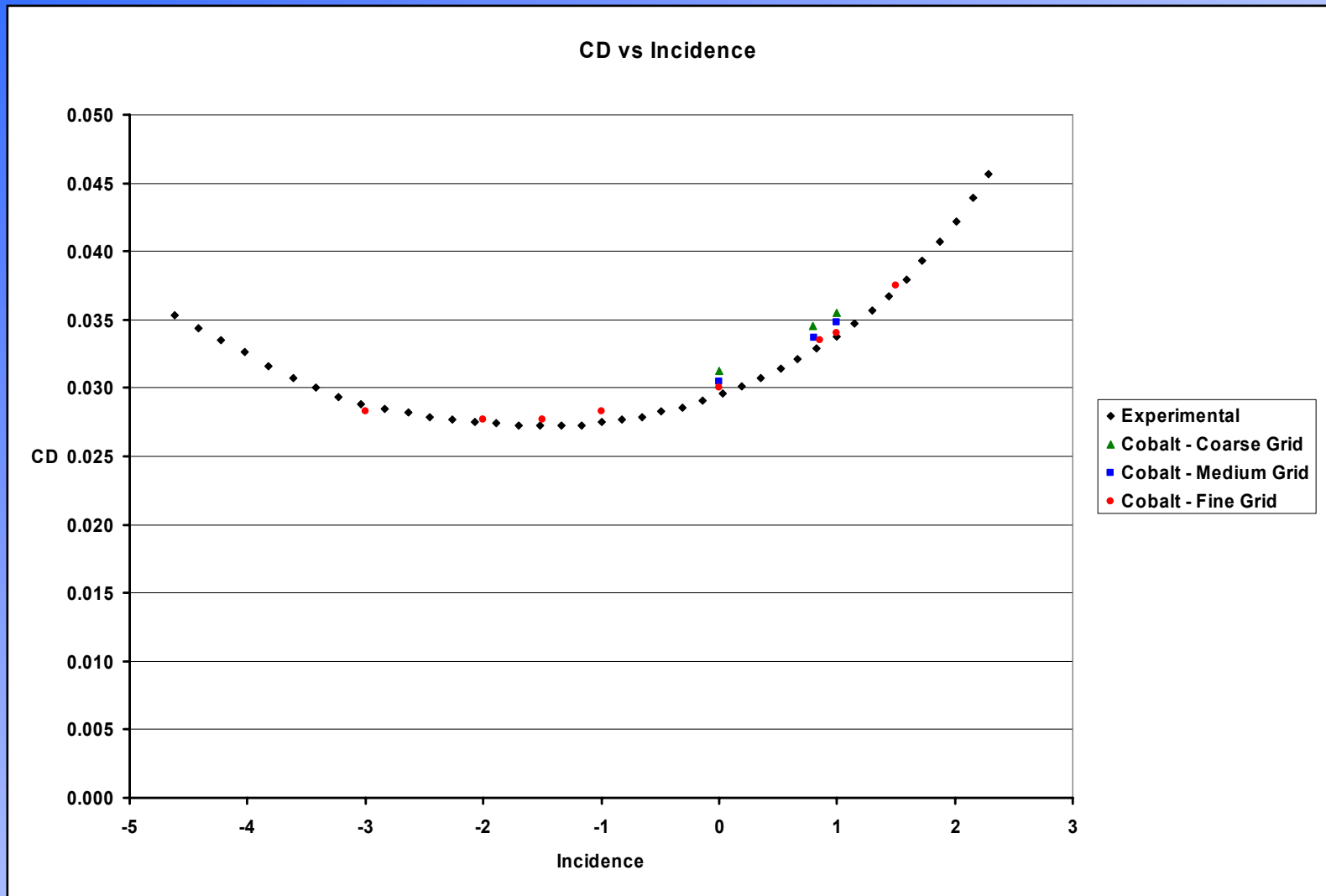
- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Drag Polar



- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon CM vs CL



- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon CD vs Incidence



- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Alpha = 1.0 Data Comparison

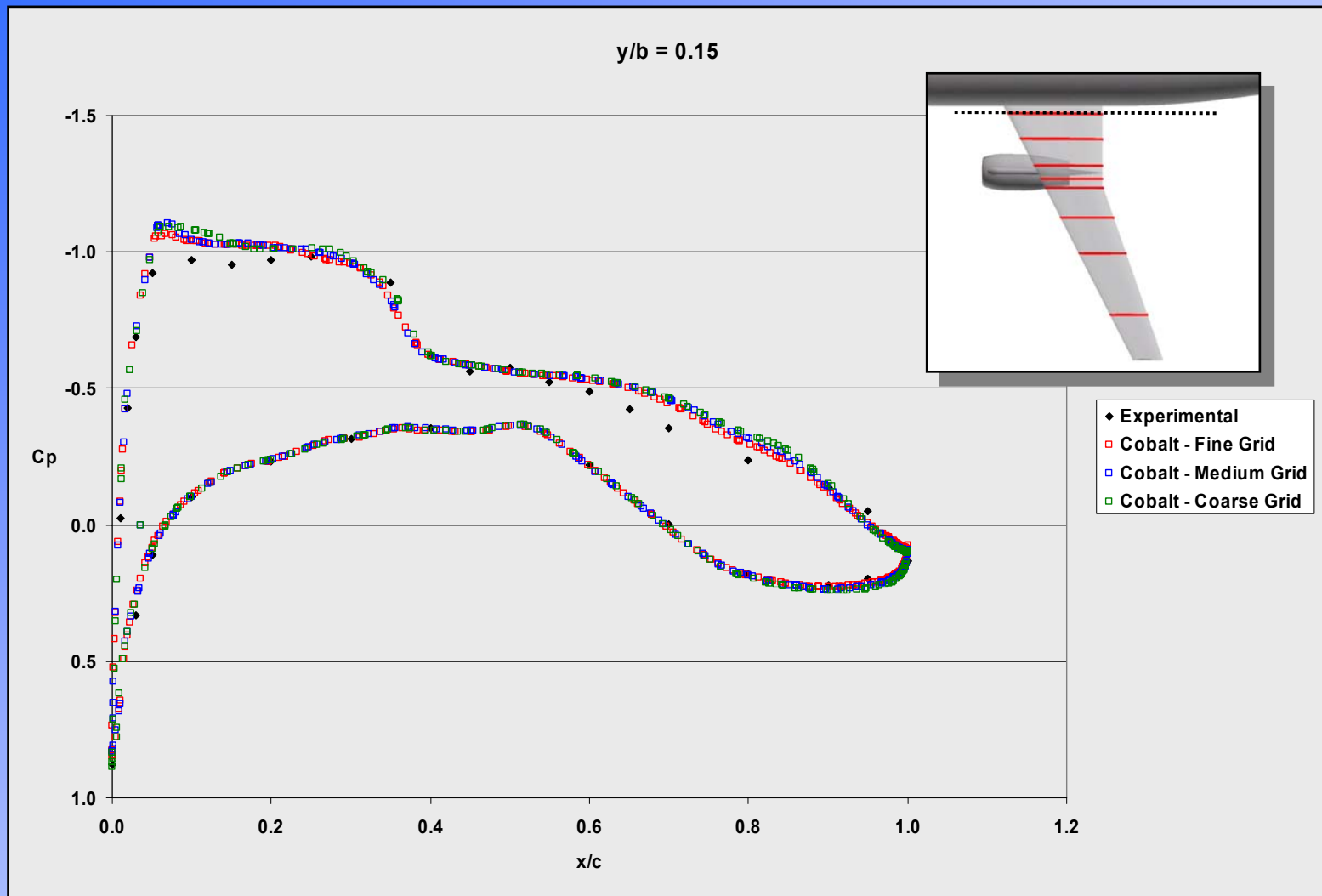
	Experimental	Cobalt	% Difference
CL	0.5005	0.5171	3.2%
CD	0.0338	0.0340	0.6%
CM	-0.1199	-0.1161	3.2%

Alpha = 0.861 for single point grid convergence

Experimental CL, CD and CM extrapolated from force data.

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

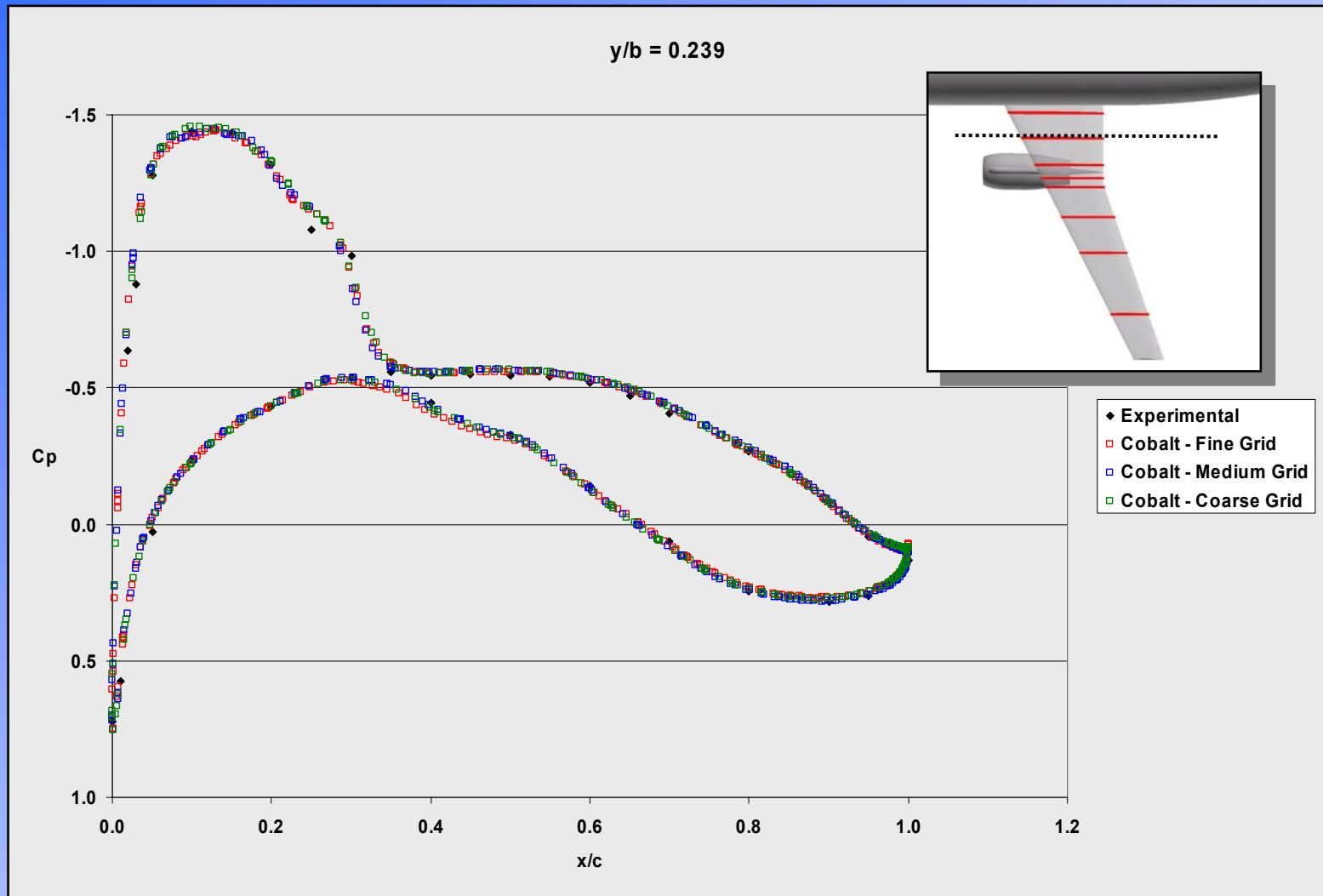
Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.15$



Alpha = 1.0°

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

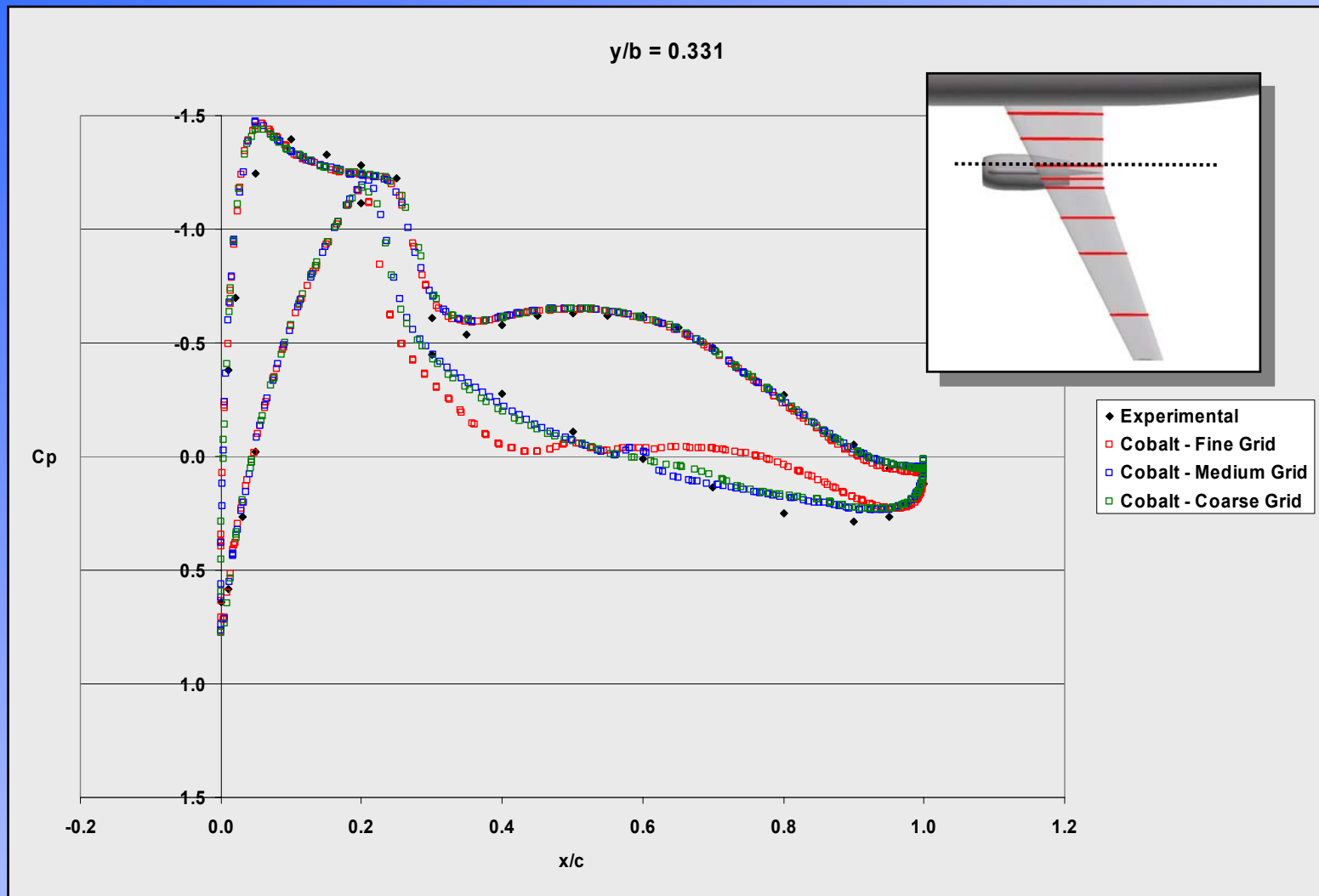
Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.239$



Alpha = 1.0°

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

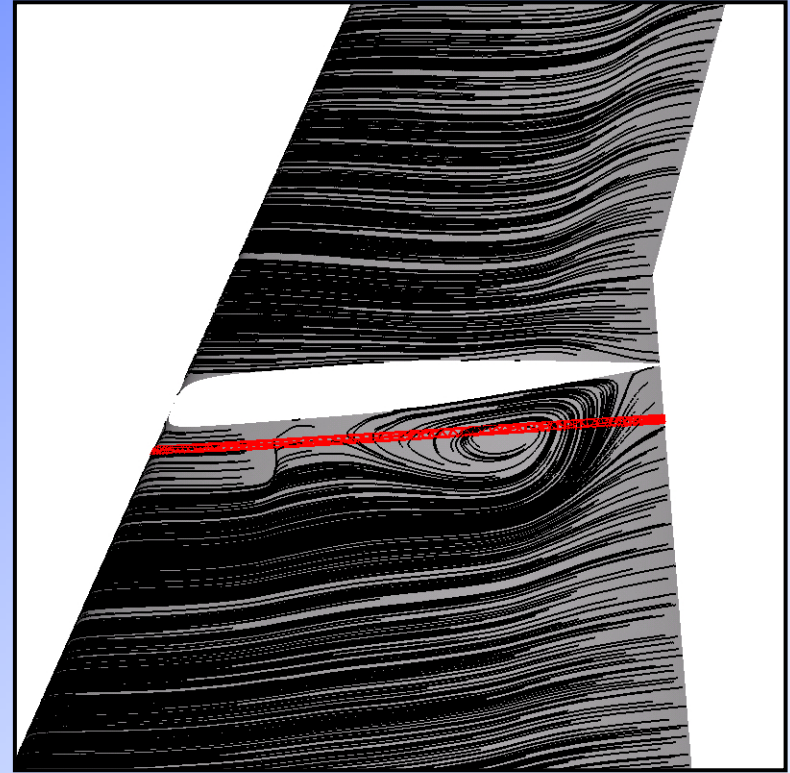
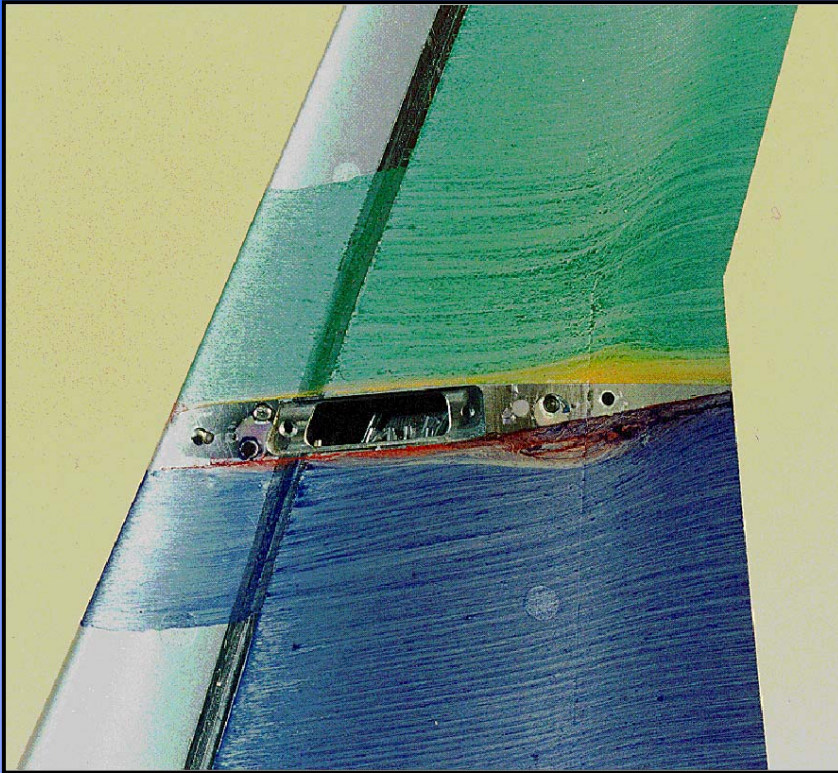
Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.331$



Alpha = 1.0°

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

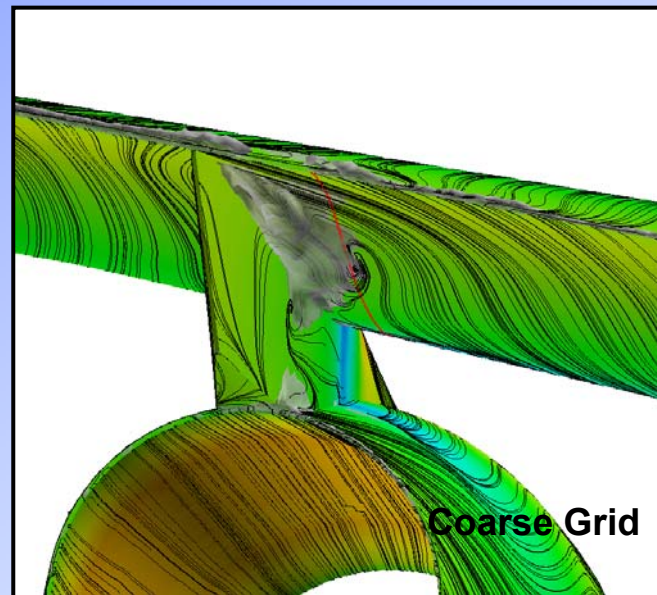
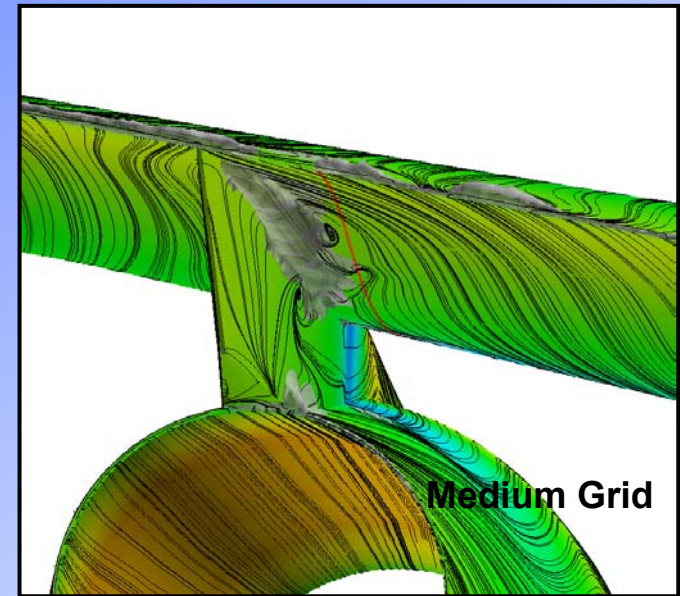
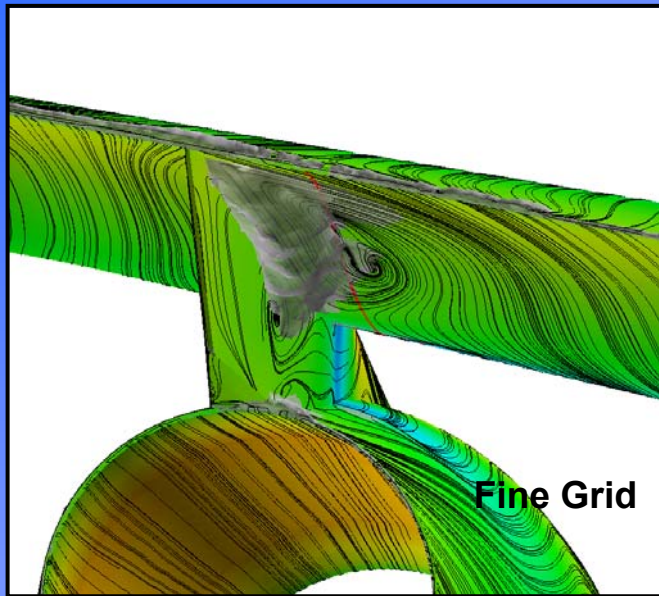
Separation Bubble Under Wing – Wind Tunnel Image



Alpha = 1.0

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

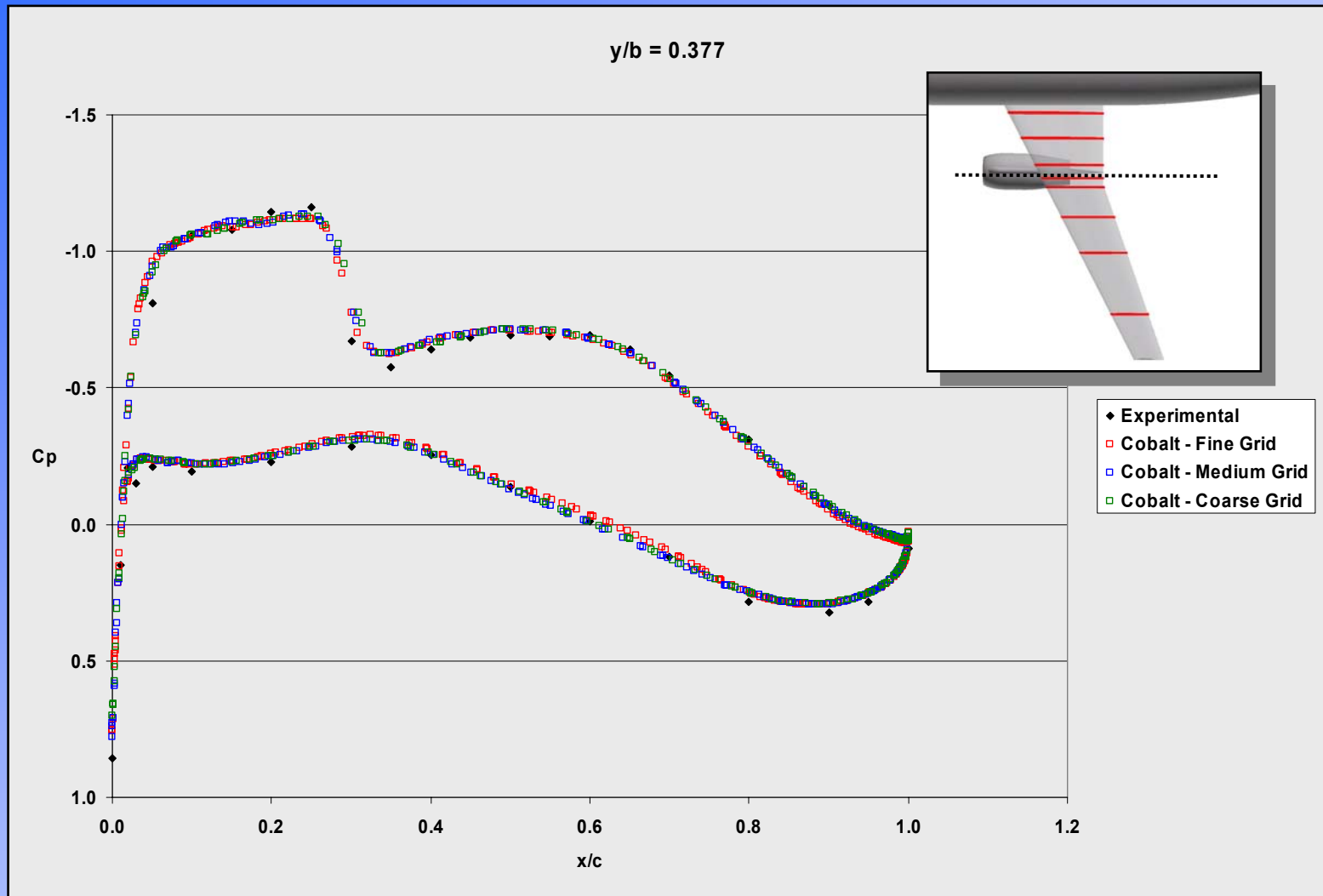
Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon with Isosurface of Separation



Surface colored by Cp
CL = 0.50

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

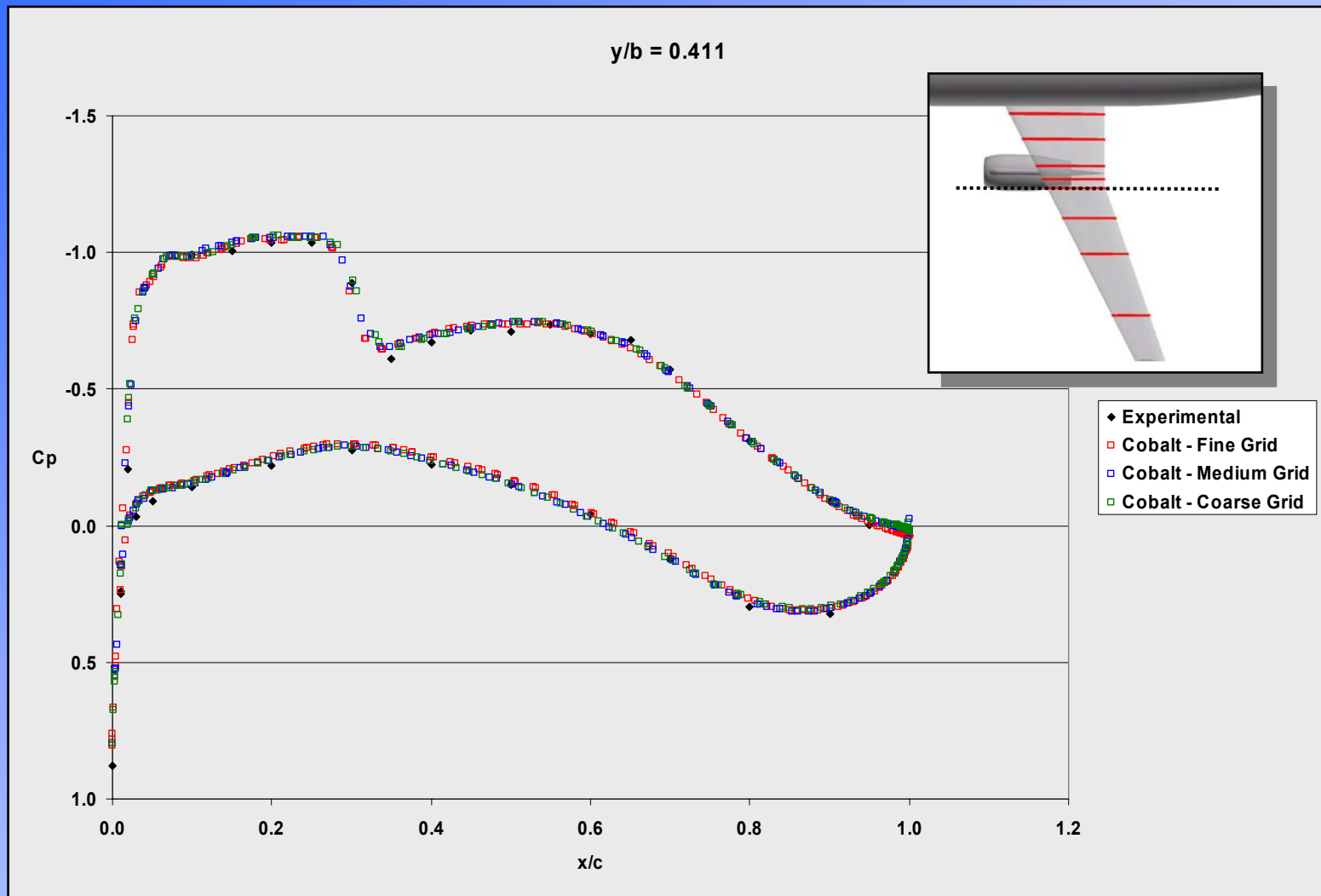
Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.377$



Alpha = 1.0°

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

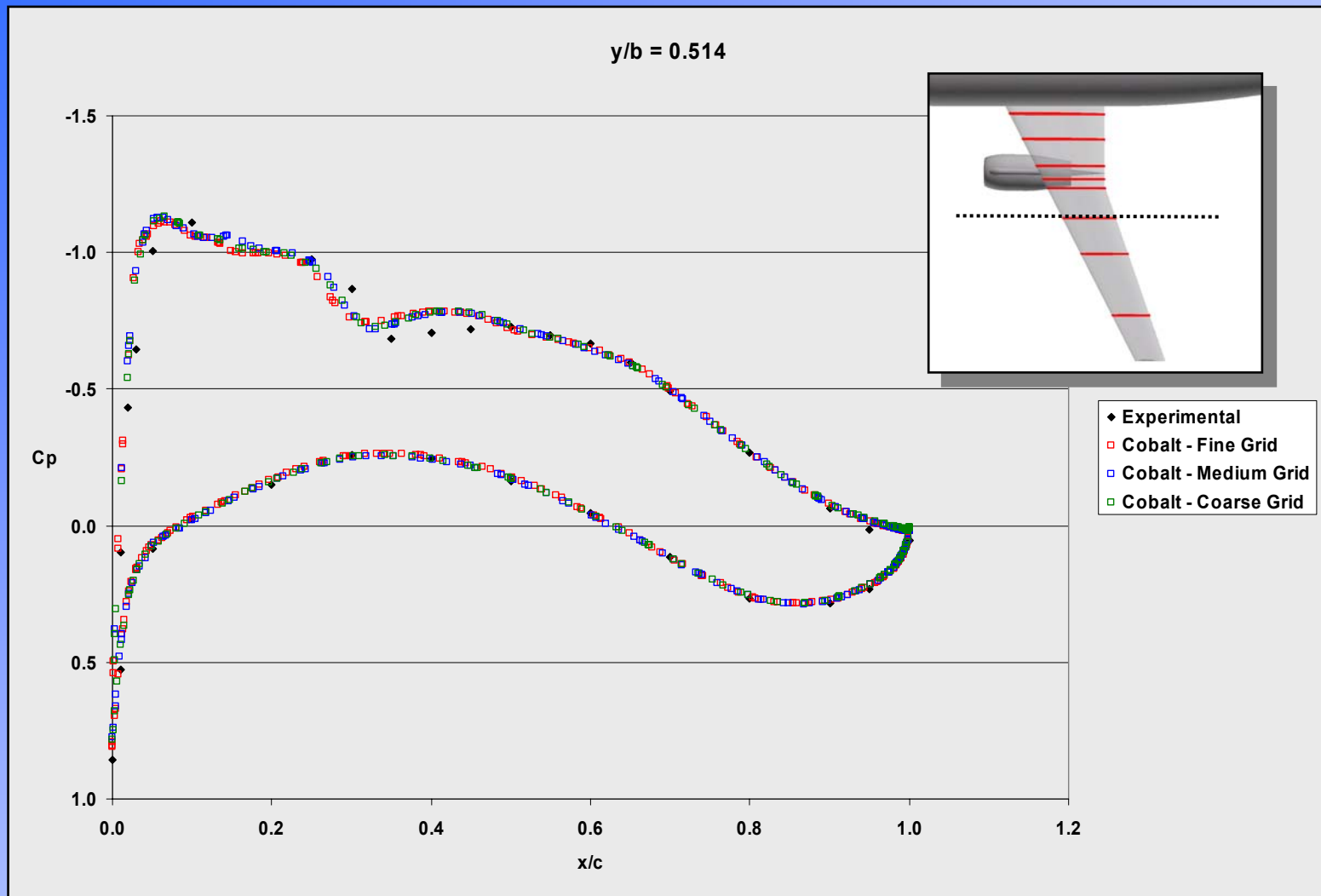
Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.411$



Alpha = 1.0°

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

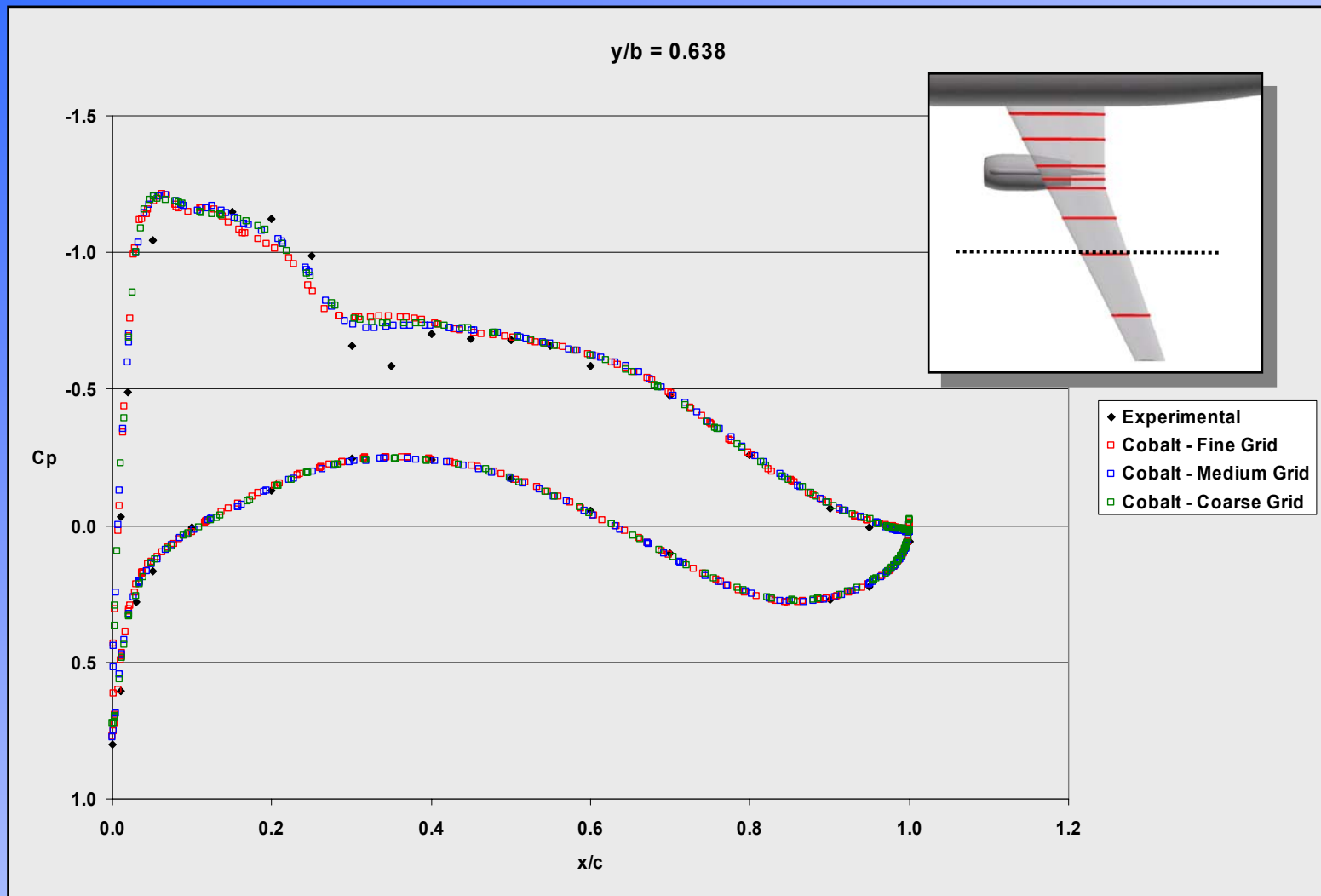
Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.514$



Alpha = 1.0°

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

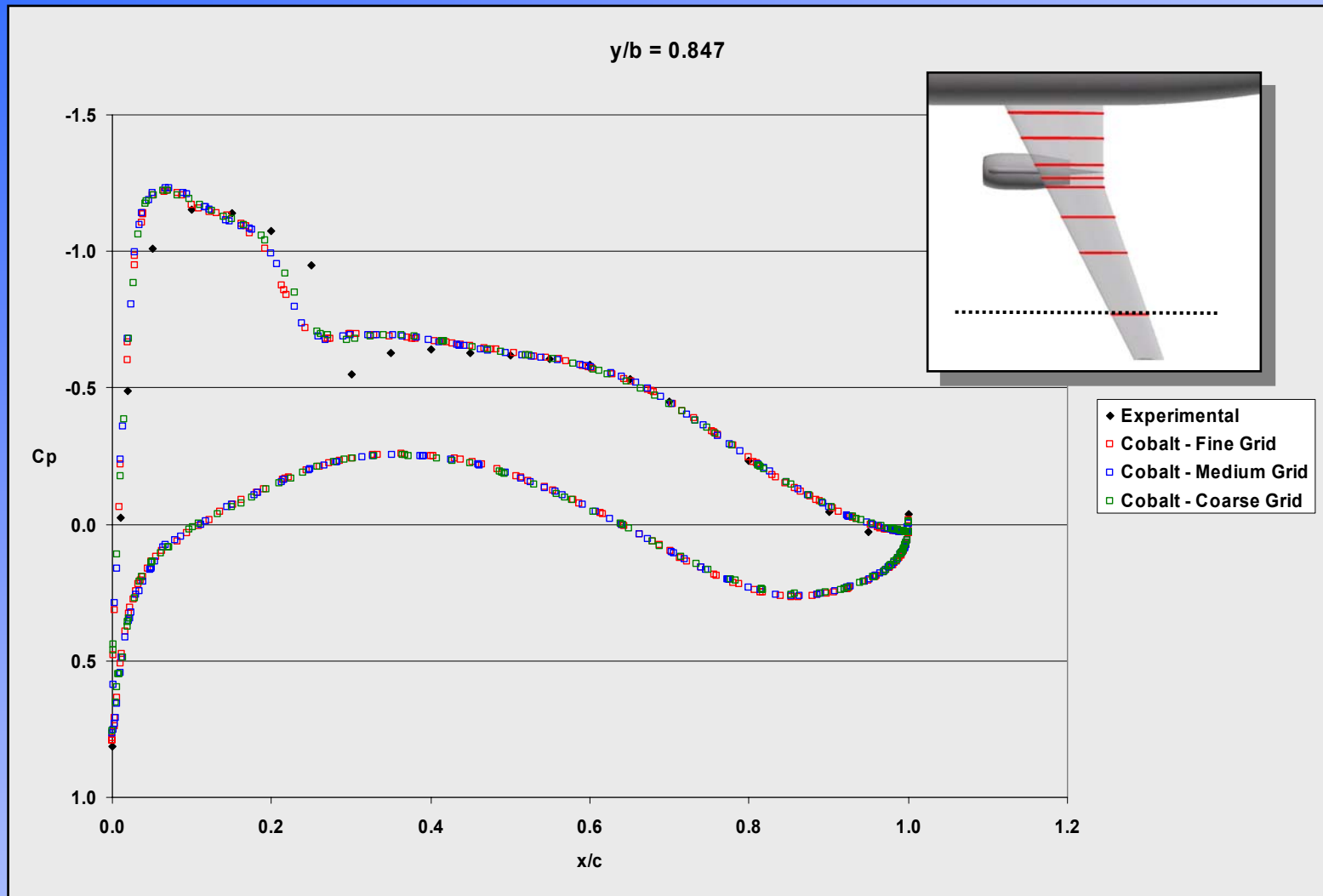
Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.638$



Alpha = 1.0°

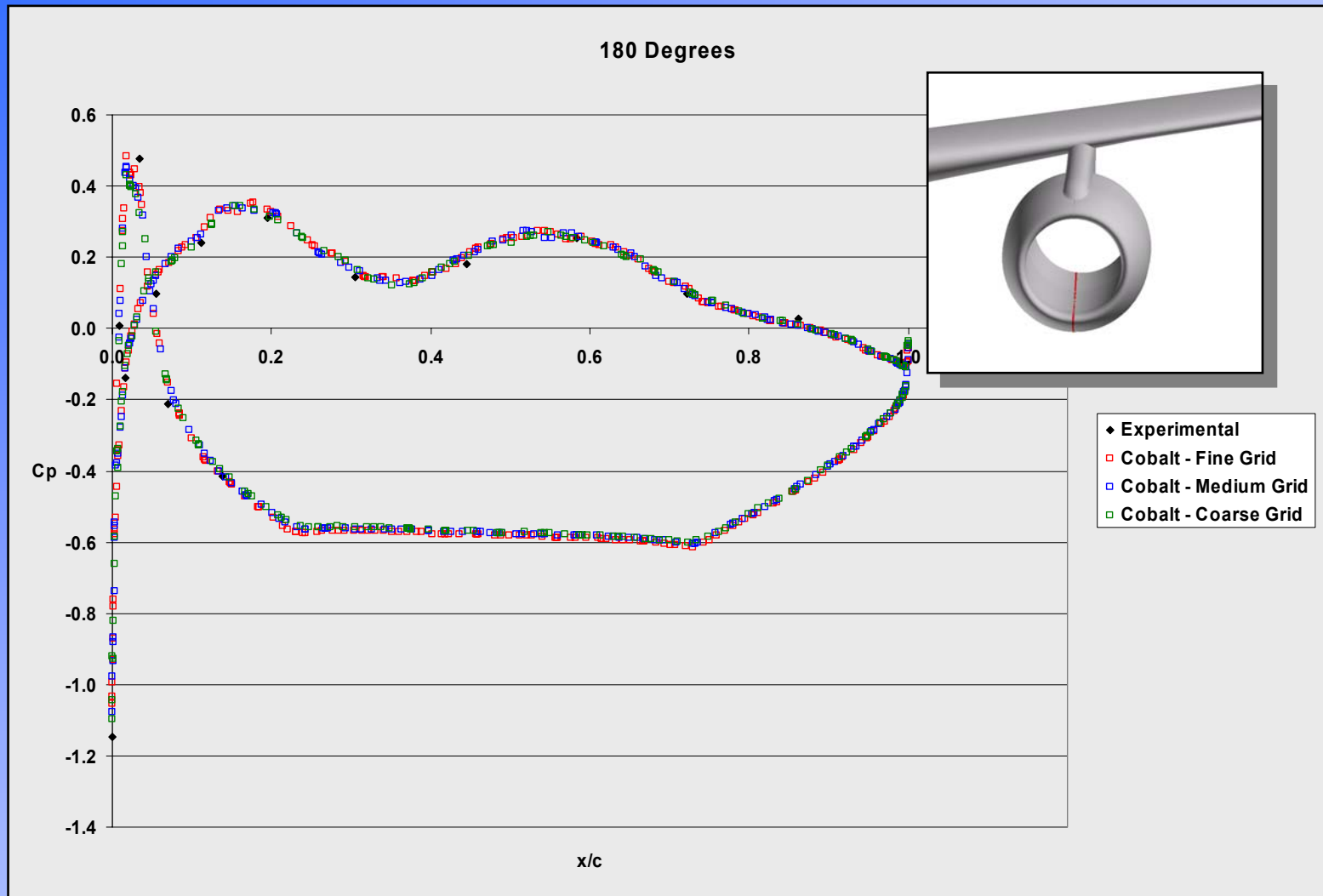
- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Cp Plots – $y/b = 0.847$



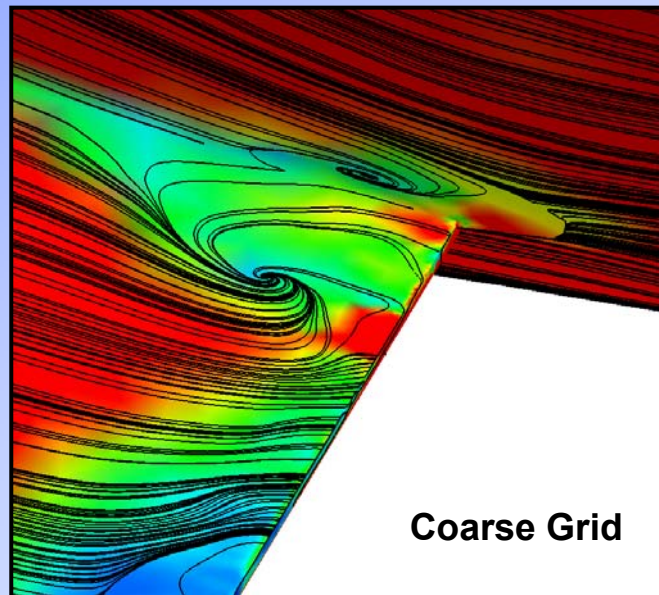
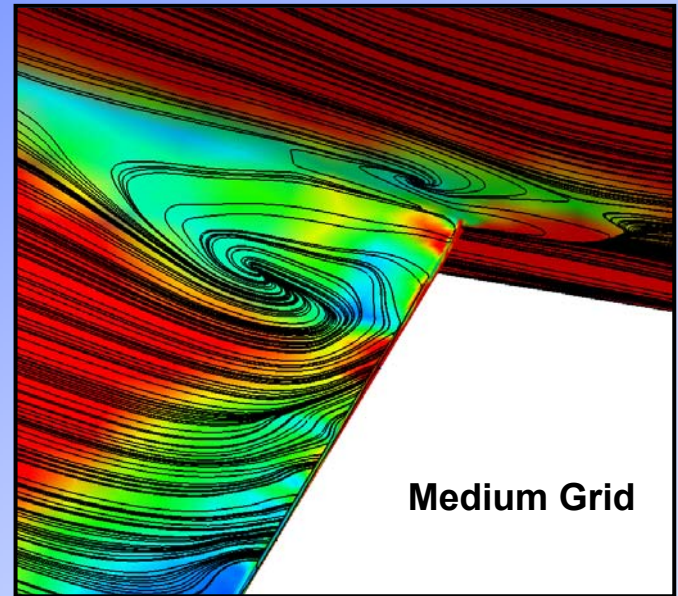
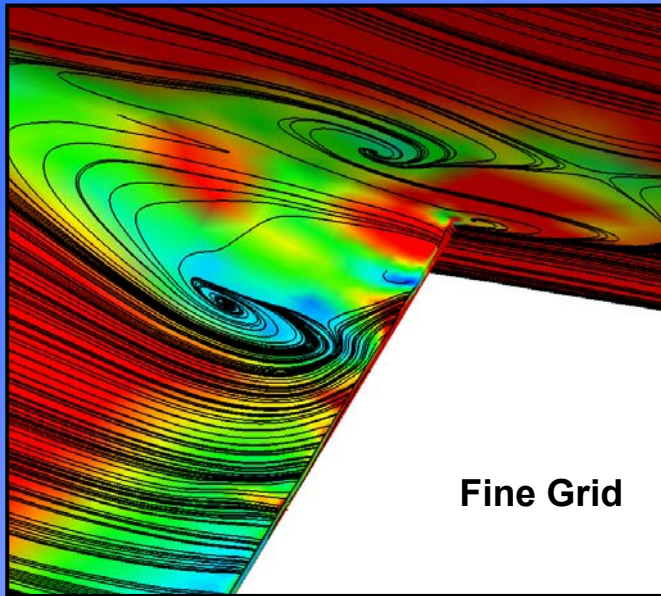
Alpha = 1.0°

- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Cp Plots – 180°



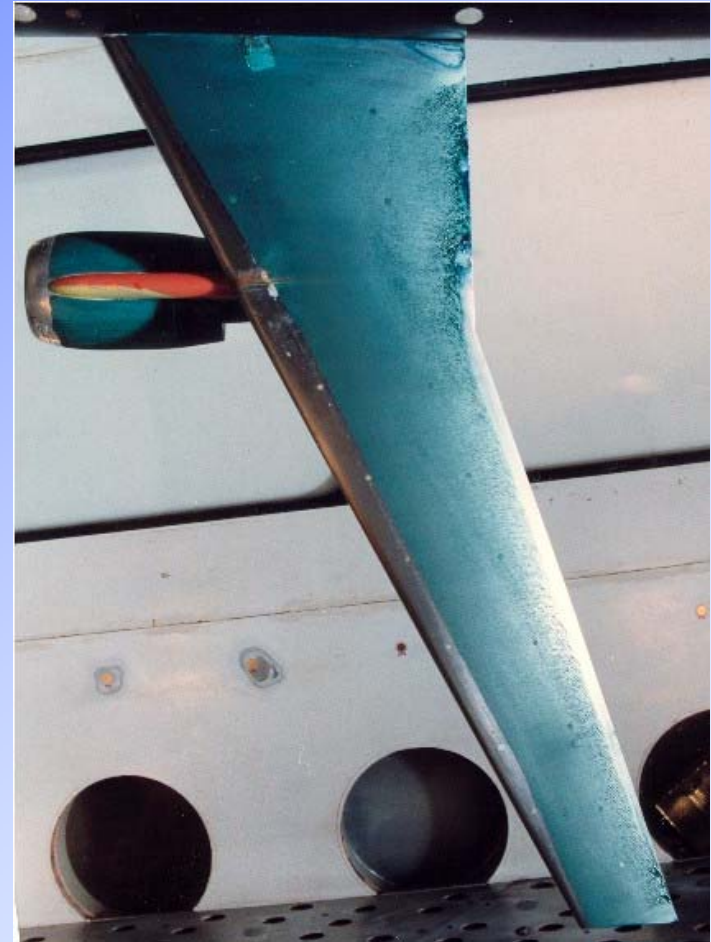
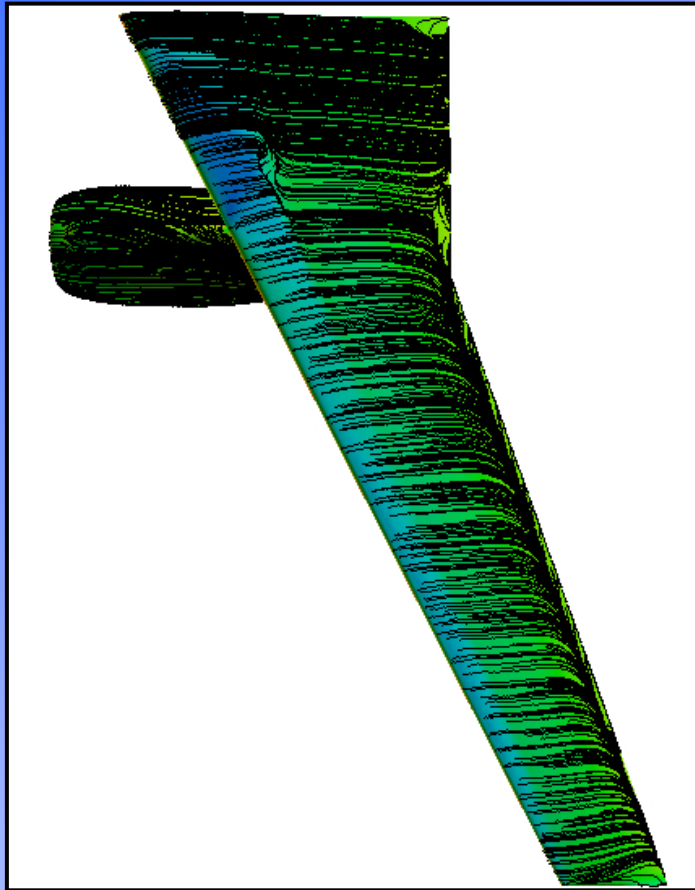
Alpha = 1.0°

- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon 'Bubble' Image



Surface Colored by C_f
CL = 0.50

- Drag Prediction Workshop - Wing-Body-Nacelle-Pylon Trailing Edge Separation



Oil flow on upper wing surface

- Drag Prediction Workshop -

Production Blanking

- An internal boundary condition type has been added to Cobalt to allow tripping of all turbulence models. The user defines regions in the grid where turbulence- model production terms are zeroed out.
- The production blanking type does not apply a boundary condition to the specified region. Instead, it zeroes out the production terms of the turbulence model of any cell within the box. Its effect is to trip the boundary layer to turbulent flow right outside of the user-defined box.

- Drag Prediction Workshop - Production Blanking

$$CL_{TRIP} = 0.5346$$

$$CL = 0.5213$$

$$CL_{EXP} = 0.4984$$

$$CD_{TRIP} = 0.0298$$

$$CD = 0.0299$$

$$CD_{EXP} = 0.0294$$

$$CM_{TRIP} = -0.1253$$

$$CM = -0.1188$$

$$CM_{EXP} = -0.1213$$

